The Oldest, Largest and Best Advertising Medium in Oneida County.

THE NEW NORTH.

The Most Widely Circulated Paper Published in Northern Wis.

VOLUME 24, NO. 5 | RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1905. | TERMS—$1.50 IN ADVANCE

NEW GOODS!

Very Good Assortment of Shirt Waist Suits and Cravenette Coats.

Many new things in Kid Gloves and Spring Outing Caps. Some very pretty patterns in Carpets, Linoliums and Oil Cloths, Lace Curtains and Portieres. We have also just received an

INVOICE OF SHOES FOR BOYS

They are all right and up to date, and will wear well. Come in and look us over. We are well fixed to take care of your wants.

Swifts Premium Hams for Easter 12½c

FINEST IN THE WORLD

SPAFFORD & COLE.

OUR FOUR LEADERS

Atlas Portland Cement

Ruberoid Roofing

Myers IXL Clear Maple Flooring

Granite Wood Fibre Plaster

If not thoroughly convinced, a little investigation on your part will prove to you that any one of the above articles stand absolutely at the head of their class.

All sold and guaranteed by

J. H. QUEAL & CO.

Seasonable Hardware

At all seasons of the year

No matter what it is you want, or at what season of the year you want it, we have it. Our stock comprises the largest line of Shelf and Heavy Hardware in Northern Wisconsin. We aim to please our patrons in price, quality and material, and invite a careful inspection of our goods by the prospective buyer.

LEWIS HARDWARE COMPANY

WISCONSIN BLUE GRASS LAND CO.

OWN AND OFFER FOR SALE

FARMING, GRAZING AND TIMBER LANDS

Choice Lake Fronts on the finest lakes in Oneida and Vilas County. Prices Low. Terms Easy. Maps and Literature will be sent on application.

EAGLE RIVER: Capt. Dan Graham, Manager.

RHINELANDER: Olof Rosen, Manager

GET YOUR SPRING SUIT CLEANED NOW!

Axel Lindegren

FIRST MEETING OF THE NEW COUNCIL.

The first meeting of the new city council was held at the council chambers Tuesday evening. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

City Clerk—Gus. Swedberg.
City Att'y—A. W. Shelton.
Street Com.—Sam Moberg.
Chief Fire Dept.—J. D. Cole.
Supt. Waterworks—A. D. Sutton.

The following appointments were made by the Mayor:

Chief of Police—Maurice Straub.
Police No. 1—Mike Sullivan.
Police No. 2—Gus. Backstrom.

SCHOOL BOARD.

3rd ward—Mrs. John Didier.
5th ward—A. L. Dunn.
At large—A. D. Sutton.

CEMETERY COMMITTEE.

4th ward—F. S. Robbins.
6th ward—O. A. Kolden.

In his opening address the Mayor spoke in part as follows:

"GENTLEMEN:—In private life you may have been a democrat or a republican, but when you step into public office you become a public servant, a servant of all the people. Then, when you come up before the people to render an account of your stewardship, one or two years from now, that account must be for public services and not for private or party work. Your party may have nominated you, but the people have elected you. You are here now as city officers and not as politicians. It is not always by taking money that a city officer may betray the trust the people gave him. He does so whenever he uses the power given him to be exercised for the public good for any other purpose. A city officer can embezzle city power as well as city money. One in public office has no more right to use his official power for personal ends than he would have to put his hand into the city treasury and pay his private debts.

I will not be a candidate one year from now for Mayor. I am not so particular how long I am Mayor of this city as I am particular as to how I live up to my oath of office, which I made one year ago, that I would live up to the laws of the United States, the state of Wisconsin and the city ordinances. I renew that here now, and not only that, but if I live for one year more I will see that every officer lives up to his oath of office also.

I would advise the city to purchase a lot or part of a lot, in the Second, Third and Fifth wards and erect a suitable building for voting purposes in each of those wards now when everything is cheap, as it would be a great saving to the city.

I would advise that an ordinance be passed that all cattle and horses be led through our streets and alleys. We should have the streets, alleys and vacant lots for our children to play in. I would also advise that no more extension be made to the water works until the ownership is settled. I would further advise the building of a smooth wire fence on the down river side of the road across the dam, for protection in case of accidents; also a wire fence from the corner of the Screen Door Factory site on the west side of the street towards the east bank of the river at least forty rods, as this is a very dangerous place and this would be a cheap protection.

We should have sewerage in the Sixth ward on Arbutus street from the South Park school to the Pelican river and from the corner of Prospect and Keenan streets to Oneida street, then west to Arbutus street, with connection with the main. There should be some building and grading on Eagle and Ann streets, in the First ward. The water settles there badly in the spring time.

In course of time there should be sewer connection made in the McCord school, running south on Mason street and connecting at the "Soo" depot with the city connection. Later on when we have the water plant question settled, the water should also be put in on this street. The street should be graded on the west side on River, Mills, Vaughan and Gardner streets.

I would kindly ask the owners of vacant property between Queal's city office and the river to clean up the same; also the Wisconsin Veneer Co. to remove the underbrush from their vacant lots, as those lots are hiding places for tramps and mischief makers.

It appears to me that the city is paying too much rent for the City Clerk's and Treasurer's offices and Council Rooms, which should be cut down. We burn more wood and coal now in trying to heat Hope House No. 1 than would be used to heat a city hall and hose house combined.

The city should advertise for bids for interest on their average monthly cash balances, and the party paying the highest rate of interest should receive the city funds. We have on hand today nearly $10,000.00 more in cash belonging to the city than we had a year ago when I took my oath of office.

The "Soo" Railway Company should be asked to connect their outhouse with the sewer at once, as I consider the conditions there at the present time a public nuisance.

The Health Officer should see that all churches and school houses in this city are properly fumigated and aired after the long winter.

Every city should, no doubt, have a public swimming place where every person could be taught the art of swimming. The occasion is likely to arrive in the life of all when some such knowledge would be worth a great deal,—probably the life of some person. Then nothing could be of more benefit and pleasure than a place where the people could enjoy a nice swim or bath which is properly cleaned and protected. A public ball ground of two or more acres should be provided by the city for the use of its children."

The council adopted the plans and specifications of Engineer Phillips of Ashland in regard to street paving.

SUIT CASES.

Of all the slaves of fashion, or victims of a fad, the one most in need of sympathy is he who carries a dress suit case on his travels. An empty suit case, as they are now made, is a sufficient load to carry without the additional weight of the necessary extra pair of stockings or extra collar carried inside, which is about all there is room for. We had the extreme pleasure of witnessing a gentleman endeavoring to assist a lady on the train with a suit case one day last week. In trying to carry the case up the steps ahead of him it hit the side of the car and he fell back between the car and platform and his hat rolled under the cars. After getting himself together again he succeeded in getting in the car and in his endeavor to get the case to its owner he had the misfortune to push it into every third seat the whole length of the car punching his breath out each time so that when he finally did reach the lady whom he had tried to so gallantly assist and received her murmured thanks, his breath was so short he was just able to offer a few grunts in response, that a respectably brought up hog would be ashamed of, and fled.

IN COURT AT ASHLAND.

A. W. Brown, E. H. Meklejohn, Louis Larson, Fred Packard, John Duville, John Murphy and Martin Lally are in Ashland this week as witnesses in a suit brought by the Pelican Boom Co. against John Godkin, now on in circuit court. The case is one which has been in the courts since 1902, a change of venue being taken to Ashland. The Boom Co. is being represented by Attorney John Barnes of this city while Bird & Rosenberry of Wausau are attorneys for the defendant. Mr. Godkin, whose home is in Bay City, Mich., was until recently in the lumber business here.

"HORRIBLE EXAMPLES."

The bill taxing bachelors will come come up for discussion in the assembly some time this week. Special seats will be provided for members of the assembly, who are bachelors, who will be pointed to as "horrible examples." The committee of the assembly on assessment and collection of taxes reported favorably upon the bill the thirteenth week of the session on the thirteenth of the month after hearing thirteen persons discuss the bill and with thirteen persons in the room. Who says thirteen is a lucky number? As amended the bill now provides for a tax of $10.00 per annum on all unmarried men over 39, widowers and divorced not excepted.

OLD RESIDENT GONE.

Mrs. Christian Gross, mother of Mrs. Al. Fenton and Charles Gross, died at the Fenton home in the town of Crescent Thursday. Mrs. Gross who was eighty-one years of age, had been in poor health for some time and her death came as no surprise to her relatives and friends. She had made Rhinelander her home for many years, and since the death of her husband, a few years ago, she had resided with her daughter. The funeral services were held Saturday morning from St. Mary's church, Rev. Schmitz officiating.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE.

Lady guests at Hotel Racine, Racine Wis., had to act as their own waitresses one morning last week. Among them was the wife of Congressman Cooper. The trouble was caused by the head waitress rebuking two waitresses for being late, causing a strike. The head waitress who had caused all the trouble then went out on a sympathetic strike. The moods of women are many.

NEW POSTOFFICE ESTABLISHED.

Wicklow is the name of a new postoffice recently established in the Little Rice district in Oneida county. The new office is located about six miles above Tomahawk Junction. Mrs. Dan Lee is the postmistress. The office has been handling mail for about two weeks.—Tomahawk Leader.

A MODEL FARM.

A great many people, especially residents of states further south, do not place much faith in matters pertaining to this as a farming country. We can show them farms in Oneida and Vilas counties that would surprise them, and give them statistics regarding crops raised on land that ten years ago was an unbroken forest that would surprise them more. One of the most convenient to this city that it would be well for these people to see is the farm of John Hess, in the town of Pelican, one and three-fourths miles from the city. Mr. Hess has 240 acres, that he purchased about ten years ago. He has 100 acres cleared with good buildings on it also a root cellar with a capacity of 3000 bushels. He has kept a record of what his farm has produced and has kindly given us a few figures. For the past ten years hay has averaged two and one-half tons to the acre, a number of years running over three. His clover, seeded nine years ago, still produces over two tons to the acre. Where can you find a better record than that for clover? Three years ago Mr. Hess put in nine acres of corn and husked 800 bushels. His potatoes have averaged more than 200 bushels to the acre. Oats over sixty to the acre. Rutabagas over 400 bushels to the acre. Onions 400 to the acre. Wheat, he raises very little of it, averages twenty-two and one-half to the acre. Last year he put in an acre of cabbage just as a speculation and cleared $110.00 on it. In addition to this Mr. Hess has also about 90 head of cattle and about 200 sheep on his place. Taken altogether a person would have to look around some in an older settled farming country to find lands that yield better crops year in and year out than our farms here. A drouth here is unknown and we have a market at home with good shipping facilities. Another advantage here, a farmer in winter can average $4.00 or more per day with his team all winter.

ELIAS NELSON DEAD

Elias Nelson, one of Rhinelander's old residents, passed away early Sunday morning in the Fond du Lac county hospital, where he had been confined since January last, suffering with a mental malady. For a time Mr. Nelson was an inmate of the state hospital at Winnebago, but it was thought that the treatment which he would receive at Fond du Lac would prove more beneficial to him. His condition was regarded from the first as serious with little opportunity for recovery. The body was brought to this city Monday and the funeral held Tuesday afternoon from the Swedish Lutheran church, Rev. Knutson officiating. Mrs. Johnson, a sister from St. Paul, Charles Nelson of Devils Lake, N. D., Albert Nelson of Barron, brothers, and Gust. Johnson of Virginia, Minn., attended the services. Mr. Nelson was fifty-eight years of age and had made this city his home for several years. His wife survives him.

A PLEASANT FAMILY.

While in the South a few weeks ago, E. G. Squier, the popular Davenport street jeweler, became acquainted with a charming family by the name of Dam, and he brought back a picture of the whole family which is now on exhibition in his store. The picture consists of the parents, and Mr. I. B. Dam, Miss U. B. Dam, Baby Dam and the Dam Dog. By the courtesy of C. A. Wixon of the Rhinelander Lighting Co., the National Biscuit Co. invited the whole Dam family to their reception at the Armory last week.

SUNDAY SCHOOLS ORGANIZED.

Peter La Porte of this city, who is a missionary for the American Sunday School Union, has since April 1st, organized five Sunday schools in neglected communities of Oneida county. A school which he organized two weeks ago on the west side has a membership of thirty little ones, all of whom are greatly interested in the work. Mr. La Porte's territory consists of eight counties in Northern Wisconsin.

WM. FESSENDEN DEAD.

William Fessenden, formerly a resident of Rhinelander, but who for the past two years had made Antigo his home, died Wednesday afternoon at Mt. Clemens, Mich. He was afflicted with rheumatism of the heart. The funeral was held Friday at his old home in Globeraville, Mich. Mr. Fessenden is survived by a wife and one son.

AT TOMAHAWK.

The following self explanatory communication appeared in this week's issue of the Tomahawk Leader:

Monday afternoon a lady was crossing from the Mitchell to Meunier's restaurant. A man who was making the air blue in more ways than one, fell against her and knocked off her hat. Before reaching Meunier's a second man either fell or was thrown out of a place of business, and fell across her toes. Something seems to be rotten in Denmark!

J. H. BUSTER.

AMONG THE CHURCHES.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.
Near High School Building.

Morning service and sermon (in English,) 7:30.

Bible school, 11:45 a. m.

Evening service and sermon in the Swedish language, 7:30.

We earnestly invite you to come and worship, and assist in song.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

10:30 a. m. Easter services. Sermon topic: Certainties in Religion.

Musical Program.

Organ Voluntary.
Anthem—"Wake Up My Glory."—Barnly.....Chorus Choir
Offertory Solo.....Mrs. Teal
Anthem—"Joyful Easter Time"—A. Beirley.
Anthem—"He Is Risen."

The local lodges of Elks and K. P.'s have been invited and are expected to attend in a body.

But if we are going to make this Easter service a distinctly Christain service we must do more than sing anthems and preach sermons. We must give something in an unselfish spirit. It is therefor proposed to ask an offering for the "Wisconsin Home Mission Work." Let us make this a glad Easter offering and let everyone come ready to "Show our faith by our works."

A sacred concert by the Sunday School and Choir will be rendered at 7:30 p. m.

On Monday evening at 7:30 exercises in the North side church on Mission street will take place consisting of songs and recitations by the children.

REV. A. G. WILSON.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Special efforts will be made to celebrate the Easter-tide at the Methodist Episcopal church all day Sunday.

The church will be appropriately decorated for the occasion, while Easter music will sweetly announce the gladest festival of the Christain church.

At noon the Sunday School scholars will give an Easter Missionary Concert, offering their annual contribution to the sacred cause of the world's salvation.

In the evening, Evangelistic services will be conducted by Rev. C. F. English. A cordial invitation is extended to every one.

REV. H. T. WILTSEE.

ST. AUGUSTINE'S CHURCH.

Good Friday: Morning service, 9:30.

Preaching on "The Seven Words From The Cross," 12 to 3.

Evening service and sermon, 7:30.

Easter Sunday: Holy Communion, 7.30. a. m. Morning Prayer, 10.

Choral Eucharist and sermon, 10:30. Woodward service in E flat.

Evening Prayer and sermon, 7:30.

REV. GEO. M. BABCOCK.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH.

Sunday services: Low Mass and communion, 8:00 a. m.

High Mass and sermon, 10:00 a. m.

Mass daily during the week, 8:00.

REV. P. SCHMITZ.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

From April 16th to 23rd are the dates set for our Self Denial effort of 1905, and in view of the results of former efforts we wish this to be the greatest success yet attained. By the help of the money so raised, thousands of poor people have been helped. Look at the work done in our Rescue Homes. Last year 2,675 girls passed through these institutions, 95 per cent. of whom were restored to lives of virtue. Thousands of slum children, through our outings have the opportunity of seeing the trees and flowers and hearing the birds sing for the first time. Our Prison Gate Homes receive those who have served their sentences in prison gives them employment, deals with them about their souls, and secures work for them where the influence will be for good. These, and numerous other charitable works merit the help and sympathy of the people, and former efforts have testified that our work is appreciated. The target for Rhinelander Corps is $55.00 and Capt. Ellis, the officer in charge, is relying on the people of this city to respond liberally to the appeal. You will be called on, or your contribution solicited by letter during the time stated April 16th to 23rd, and in the name of Jesus I appeal to you to do your best. Our meetings will be carried on as usual. On Saturday evening April 22nd, will be given our Self Denial Junior demonstration for the raising of the Junior target for Self Denial recitations. Music and a general good time promised. Tickets 10 cents. Sunday meetings as usual.

MRS. CAPTAIN ELLIS,
Officer in Charge.

Sunday meetings are: Junior meeting, 2:00 p.m. Christian praise service, 3:00 p. m. Salvation rally, 8:00 p. m.

CAPTAIN ELLIS AND WIFE,
Officers in Charge.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

An inmate of a resort west of this city attempted suicide it is said by shooting herself early Monday morning. She is still alive.

EVERY ONE ASKS HIM

HOW HE GOT RID OF HIS OBSTINATE MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM.

Mr. Jones Tells of the Way by Which He Treated Himself Successfully When Doctors Failed.

Six physicians, all of them good, one of them a specialist, had done their best for Mr. Jones at different times during three years, and still he suffered fearfully from the tortures of rheumatism.

The rheumatism that had been dormant in his system was suddenly brought to an acute stage by exposure while he was drawing ice in February, 1901. From that time on for a period of more than three years he was a constant sufferer. He tried many kinds of treatment, but the rheumatism wouldn't budge. When regular doctors failed, and one remedy after another proved useless, many said: "I should think he would give it up and save his money."

Of his condition at this time, Mr. Jones says: "My rheumatism started in my right thigh, but in time it appeared in every muscle of my body. I lost the use of my left arm entirely and nearly lost the use of my right one. My feet were badly affected, especially the bottoms of the heels. When my right side was affected there was swelling, but the left side didn't swell when the disease settled there. The internal organs didn't seem to be involved at all. The trouble was all in the muscles and the nerves."

Among the few who still encouraged Mr. Jones to think that a cure might yet be found was a friend who had reason for great confidence in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and acting on her advice he bought a box of them in September, 1904. The story of what followed is brief, but nothing could be more satisfactory.

"When I was on the third box," says Mr. Jones, "I could realize a change for the better. I felt sure then that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were the right medicine for my case. I kept on with them for several weeks longer and now I am entirely well, and everybody is asking what I took."

Mr. William Jones lives at Oxford, Mich. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills effect wonderful cures in rheumatism, because they work directly on the blood which is the seat of the disease. They are sold by every druggist.

Applied History.

"Dear dad," wrote the boy from college. "We are studying current history, and I am getting to understand it finely. By the way, my creditors are bothering me considerably, so please send me $200 in addition to my usual allowance."

"My dear son," was the reply. "Your creditors have also been harassing me. I am, therefore, glad that you are so familiar with current history, as you will understand what I mean when I say that, until they are satisfied I will have to take charge of your custom house."—Pittsburg Post.

I Always Had a Headache

but since using Dr. Pusheck's Kuro it has disappeared entirely. This is the best medicine I ever used and I have informed many in Clayton about it.

Robert Gold, Clayton, Wash.

CATCHING AN AMAZON.

Lawyer's Wit Turned Aggressive Woman's Defiant Words Against Herself.

About a year ago there was tried in a court of Kansas City a case in which there was retained as counsel Mr. Bartholdt, who is a representative from Missouri in congress.

Among the witnesses for the opposing side who were cross-examined by Mr. Bartholdt, says the New York Herald, were a man of diminutive stature and sheepish manner and his wife, an individual of Amazonian proportions and a correspondingly aggressive air. The husband was evidently very much cowed by his better half, for when he was being questioned he would from time to time glance timidly at the lady, as if to seek permission to reply to the interrogatories.

During the cross-examination to which the lady in turn was subjected by Mr. Bartholdt she evinced considerable impatience. Finally, when one question was urgently repeated to her several times, she suddenly exclaimed in an angry tone:

"Now, you needn't think you can catch me that way. You've tried that three or four times already. No, sir, you can't catch me!"

"Madam," observed Mr. Bartholdt, with the politest of bows, "you have no cause for alarm. I have, I assure you, no desire whatever to catch you, and your husband looks as if he were sorry he did."

Judging from the Sex.

She—Is there any difference between a fort and a fortress?

He—Why, I should imagine that a fortress would be—er—harder to silence!—Stray Stories.

Costly Difference.

"Father, what's the difference between a lunch and a luncheon?"

"About a dollar and a quarter, my boy."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

HONEST CONFESSION.

A Doctor's Talk on Food.

There are no fairer set of men on earth than the doctors, and when they find they have been in error they are usually apt to make honest and manly confession of the fact.

A case in point is that of an eminent practitioner, one of the good old school, who lives in Texas. His plain, unvarnished tale needs no dressing up:

"I had always had an intense prejudice, which I can now see was unwarrantable and unreasonable, against all muchly advertised foods. Hence, I never read a line of the many 'ads.' of Grape-Nuts, nor tested the food till last winter.

"While in Corpus Christi for my health, and visiting my youngest son, who has four of the ruddiest, healthiest little boys I ever saw, I ate my first dish of Grape-Nuts food for supper with my little grandsons. I became exceedingly fond of it and have eaten a package of it every week since, and find it a delicious, refreshing and strengthening food, leaving no ill effects whatever, causing no eructations (with which I was formerly much troubled), no sense of fullness, nausea, nor distress of stomach in any way.

"There is no other food that agrees with me so well, or sits as lightly or pleasantly upon my stomach as this does. I am stronger and more active since I began the use of Grape-Nuts than I have been for 10 years, and am no longer troubled with nausea and indigestion." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Look in each pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

SONG OF THE PESSIMIST.

Yes, I know th' season's perfect for us farmers—lots o' wet,
An' th' fields is gittin' peppered till they're soaked as they kin get;
Heavy snowfalls is perfectin' an' preservin' of th' wheat,
An' th' country is a-prosperin'—y' never seen th' beat.
But these times is always likely t' precede a duller spell,
It's a sartin sign o' sickness when y' feel s' awful well.
Lots o' wheat will bring down prices an' will make a lot o' ted,
An' sich heavy crops as them is mighty wearin' on th' soil!

Mills is runnin', wheels is turnin' an' the wages all is good;
Times is boomin' like th' mischief, Teddy's helped 'em all he could.
Can't see nothin' to distress us—felt th' same way onct before,
An' I learnt it was a token that disaster laid in store.
When yer feelin' best git busy with yer most suspicious look,
For th' straightest streak o' roadway leads you to th' sharpest crook.
Kittle water gits th' stillest jes' before it starts t' boil,
An' these awful heavy crops is plum' exhaustin' to th' soil!

—S. W. Gillilan, in Baltimore American.

A Sociable Bear

Bingo, the best, most accomplished and most human bear that ever lived in Maine, is dead, the victim of a greedy hunter's rifle, and his thick, glossy pelt hangs high in a Bangor market shop, waiting for a purchaser. The death of Bingo has caused sorrow to many who dwell in the wild region about Seeboomook Falls, and well it might, for to these mourners he was, both in youth and in middle age, a sociable neighbor and appreciative friend.

Melville Doughty, better known as "Long Mel," feels especially sad over the loss of his furry friend, for from long experience in forest life and close contact with wild things, he knows that it is 100 to 1 that he will never again meet with such a knowing and sociable sort of bear as the late departed.

"Seems if they might a found somethin' else to shoot in all this country up here, 'cept that one good, decent ba'r," mournfully remarked Mel, as he sat on the deacon seat at McLean's camp and added the smoke of his corncob pipe to the general fog. "Why, that b'ar was as good a neighbor's I ever had, an' I've b'en livin' in these parts more'n 20 year.

"He was left an orphan when he was just a little cub, an' I found him one day a-suckin' of his paws at the aidge o' the tote road to the falls. Brought him home an' give him some mush an' molasses, an' he sot right up like any child an' injyed it, too. When he got some size on him he quit stayin' 'round the camp so reg'lar, an' used to go out foragin' on his own hook. Then he went to denzin', like any b'ar, which was only nat'ral, but he always was neighborly, an' never seemed to forgit what I'd done for him.

"'Member the time well when he fit a lucifee that got into the camp an' would have et up my little girl—fit him an' licked him to shoestrings, too, by gosh. Pulled the same young one out of the lake when it got in over it's head, an' did a lot of other good turns that I'll never forgit. Did a good many chores, too, around the place. Do you good to see that b'ar weed my onion patch—jest rasped them weeds outen the ground with his claws, like a patent harrow. All he asked for his trouble was a dish o' mush an' molasses. B'ars is terrible fond o' sweet stuff. But Bingo, he was an honist b'ar—never stole anythin'. He'd set all day 'side of a keg o' molasses an' never put a paw into it.

"Summer time, Bingo used to go up above the falls an' fill himself with raspberries, an' our little girl would go 'long with him. When he'd got his own fill, he'd turn to an' fill the little girl's pail—could do it quicker'n scat. Ever see a b'ar pick berries? Well, sir, when it comes to that kind o' business, you an' I ain't in it with the slowest b'ar that ever wore fur. Nat'ral talent with 'em.

"Bingo, he hadn't no faults but one. He did like likker. Some one down to McNulty's camp learnt him that. He went down there one Christmas an' sot a while with the boys, who were havin' of a great time. A Frenchman had come over the line a few days afore that with a kag o' morson—that there white rum the Canucks have—an' it was passin' 'round pretty free that Christmas day. One o' the fellers, Jack Kelley, I'm Bangor, he says, 'There's Bingo—what's the matter with givin' him a ball out o' that kag?' So they poured some out in a big tin dipper, an' give it to Bingo, an' cuss me if he didn't swaller it down's though it'd b'en molasses syrup. Pretty warm in the camp, with a big fire a-blazin', an' fust thing they knew that morson begun to work on Bingo. 'Fore anyone could move, that there b'ar up an' grabbed the kag put it to his head an' gulped down 'bout a quart. Then, mister, things begun to hum.

"There was a Frenchman in the crew named Paul Larsen, who thought he could rassle some, an' he'd b'en showin' off that afternoon while Bingo was in camp, throwin' everyone he come to. Bingo, he 'membered this, an' when the morson begun to bile up inside o' him an' he got to feelin' real good an' kinky, he jest raced over to where Larsen was a changin' of his pants an' grabbed him 'round the belly with both paws. Larsen he yelled for the b'ar to let go, but Bingo he jest grinned—he could grin an' laff like anyone human—an' twisted that Frenchman off'n his feet like he was a child, throwin' him on the flat o' his back with a slam that made his teeth rattle.

"Then the crowd they yelled an' laffed fit to raise the roof, an' Bingo, knowin' that was pleasse, he jest danced a jig in the middle o' the floor, kicked over all the seats and ripped blankets off'n bunks an' fin'ly chased the cook out to the wangan, cause the cook was a man he didn't like. Hit him over the nose onct, 'cause he stuck his head in the cook-house winder.

"Well, sir, the cook he yelled bloody murder, an' shut the door o' the wangan camp after him with a bang an' bolted it inside. Bingo, he jest sot there in the snow, a-waitin' for the cook to come out, an' all the camp crew couldn't budge him. They might a done it with an ax, o' course, but they wouldn't, 'cause they thought a heap more o' the b'ar than they did o' the cook, who used to be a barber down to Milo Junction, an' wore striped shirts and put ile on his hair. Comin' on right, an' the men wantin' supper, they had to send two miles for me to come over an' pacerfy Bingo.

"When I showed up that there b'ar was 'shamed as a boy caught stealin' apples. He come along home all right, an' went to sleep in the corner. For two weeks arter that he went 'round kind o' sheepish, which is more'n can be said o' most men arter a spree. Oncet in a while since then he took a nip, but never none to hurt, an' he never went near McNulty's camp agin.

"Bingo, he liked music. When I'd get my old fiddle down arter supper an' scratch out the 'Arkansaw Traveler,' the 'Drunken Sailor' an' the 'Portland Fancy' tunes we used to dance to down to Bangor 'fore the town got so fash'nable it forgot how to dance, Bingo he'd set there front o' the fire an' roll his eyes, it made him feel so good, an' keep time with his paws. He liked the 'Arkansaw Traveler' best, an' I learnt him to dance a few steps o' that. He'd git all worked up over it—all played out so's he'd have to take a rest arter it. Then I'd give him a nip out o' my little jug, an' he'd go to sleep an' snore like one o' John Ross's drivers. But he's gone now—dead an' gone, an' things is kinder lonesome up home. I'd a-give the best hundred dollars I ever see to that feller that shot him if he'd a-took some other b'ar, for the like o' Bingo ain't this side o' Fort Kent."—N. Y. World.

TALES OF SAVINGS BANKS.

Romantic Incidents Which Illustrate Some Peculiar Phases of Everyday Life.

A ragged little newsboy entered a Pittsburg bank one day and boldly invaded the private office of the president, relates William S. Power, in Success Magazine.

"Say, mister," he said, "can I put some money in this bank?"

"Certainly you can," the president answered; "how much do you want to deposit?"

"A quarter!" exclaimed the youngster, pulling a handful of pennies and nickels out of his pocket. The banker took him over to the receiving teller and introduced him with all the deference that he would have shown to a millionaire.

The boy left the city soon after opening the account, but he kept adding to his deposit from time to time, and, as he was naturally bright and shrewd, everything he undertook prospered. He is back in Pittsburg now, the head of a successful manufacturing concern and one of the bank's most valued customers.

A year ago a proud young father out in Michigan sent $25 to open an account for his first-born son, then less than a week old. "The boy'll need it some of these days," he wrote, "and we may as well begin to save for him right off." Six months later a tear-dimmed letter came, asking to withdraw the money, to pay the little fellow's funeral expenses.

A working woman in a little town in New York sent a dollar bill in the name of her daughter, six years of age. "She'll be marrying by and by," she said, "and ought to have something to start life on." That was nearly two years ago, and almost every week since a dollar bill has been added to the account. There'll be a snug little marriage portion for the young lady some day, if nothing happens.

Not long ago a woman living in Illinois sent five dollars, with explicit instructions not to let her "old man" know about it, as "he'd be after spending every cent of it for drink."

HUNTER'S ODD EXPERIENCE

Fox and Hawk Attempt to Purloin Quail His Gun Had Brought Down.

Dr. William Rowland, of Pasadena, who was up at Middle Ranch quail shooting a few days prior to the close of the season, had a most unique experience, relates an Avalon correspondent of the Los Angeles Times.

He ran upon a covey of quail, and, flushing them, dropped one with his left barrel, and then, at considerable of an angle, dropped another with the right barrel. Turning to his first bird, he was just in time to see a fox snatch it up and start to run away with it. Quickly pumping another cartridge into his gun, he let the fox have it, knocking him stiff. After reconnoitering a minute, and finding his first bird, he was returning to pick up the second, when something shot down like an arrow from the skies in front of him, the object proving to be an osprey.

The quail had been wounded, and its fluttering attracted the attention of the big hawk, which, while sailing through the ether had an eye out for a quail dinner, and, darting upon the wounded bird, was about to cheat the hunter out of his quarry. Dr. Rowland, while amazed at the turn of events, did not propose to stand for such a play, and, training his ready gun on the bold robber, with a pull of the trigger put him out of commission, and saved both his birds.

Twin Lives.

It is wonderful how alike some twins are, not only in feature, but in character. It is seldom, however, that the lives of twin sisters or brothers are so nearly alike as those of Mrs. Mary Sissons and Mrs. Ann Dennison. These old ladies recently kept their eighty-fourth birthday at Arnold, Nottinghamshire, near which they have lived all their lives. The twins were married on the same day by the same clergyman. They married brothers. Both lost their husbands as the result of accident, and both married a second time. Both enjoy good health, and neither has ever seen the sea.—London Tit-Bits.

Swell Redskin.

Kenekah, a centenarian Osage Indian, went to a photographer in Pawhuska, Okla., the other day and had his picture taken for the first time. He was dressed in a magnificent blanket, with splendidly decorated buckskin breeches. Among the bone ornaments around his neck was one which he declared to be the claw of a lion he killed many years ago with his hunting knife. The claw is profusely studded with diamonds. Kenekah is known as a learned and wise Indian among his fullbloods who cling to the old customs and they show him great faith and reverence.

YOUTHS' DEPARTMENT

CROW THAT CAN TALK.

"Hello, Hold on a Minute!" He Shouts, and Then Adds with a Chuckle "O, Go 'Long."

This introduces Mr. Jim Crow Richards, of Shuy, Me., who sends his photo and makes his best bow, says the Boston Globe.

Jim was taken from his nest in June, 1903; kept tied for three months, then allowed to roam at will; was fed on bread and meat, bathed often and became very clean in habits.

Mrs. Richards began to take pains to teach him. The first word he said was "Hello," next "How de do," then "How's your folks?" Soon he began to connect the three.

A favorite pastime of the crow is to go out in the rain, dig an angleworm, cock his head, and gravely say: "How de do? How's your folks?" Then he gravely swallows the worm.

Last summer many workmen were employed around the buildings. He soon began to greet them each morning with "Hello! How de do?" A new man on the place was so greeted, and returned the salutation to the great amusement of the other men.

MR. JIM CROW, THE LINGUIST.

Persons passing would hear some one say: "Hello! Hold on a minute!" They would stop. Then Jim would laugh and chuckle and cry: "O, go 'long!"

He has for chums a massive English mastiff, a smaller dog, cats and hens. If the dogs grow familiar, and try to get his meat, he will imitate his master's voice and say: "Get out!"

If the cats get in his way, he grasps them by the tail, giving a severe pinch.

While very friendly with the hens, if they annoy him, he pulls their feathers out.

He often stops his master's horse by saying: "Whoa, back up!"

When thirsty or wishing to bathe, he will call: "Water! Water!"

When he wants worms, he will start for the garden and say: "Come on, come!"

A young man was employed in haying named Charley. At dinner time Jim came under the window and said: "Hello, Charley; come on, come!" Charley did not believe it was Jim, so he went to the door. Jim gravely started for the garden, and again said: "Hello, Charley; come on, come!"

The present winter he roosts over the pig pen. When the pigs are fed, he calls: "Pig, pig, pig!"

The crow is the property of Willis Richards, of Shuy, about one and one-half miles from Livermore Falls.

This is no fancy sketch; the Globe correspondent has heard the bird talk.

Drive Sheep 900 Miles.

Without losing a single animal, seven shepherds recently drove a flock of 14,000 sheep from Mamuga, in Queensland, to Narabi, in New South Wales, a distance of 900 miles.

The Reason.

Knicker—Why do you call your auto "Taxes?"

Bocker—Because folks dodge it so.—N. Y. Sun.

FROM WEST TO EAST.

Some Curious Facts Which Have Been Discovered in Connection with Air Currents.

Such storms in this country commonly travel from west to east, across the continent, and as they move, they draw in air from all sides, carrying it up into the higher atmosphere. The influence of a storm may be felt days before its center arrives. The wind blows first from the east, as it is drawn in toward the center. Near the Atlantic coast this east wind, saturated with moisture, gives out rain as it is carried upward.

As the center approaches, the wind swings round to the southeast, then to the south; and southeast and south winds bring rain to the Mississippi valley, since they bring moist air from the gulf.

As the center passes, the wind turns to the southwest and west, and commonly becomes dry, since it comes off the great arid tablelands; and the rain ceases.

But on the Pacific coast, since the supply of moisture lies to the westward, the west winds are saturated with moisture, and at some seasons bring rain. Hence the rain falls after the center of the storm has passed, instead of coming in advance of it.

The rain has seasons, as temperature has, and while in most parts of the country the hot season is the dry one and the cold season the rainy one, in the Rocky mountains things are reversed—the rainy season comes in the summer. To understand all this we must go back a little.

It was stated above that as we go upward and as we go northward the air becomes colder. This is true in general, but in certain cases the rule is reversed.

In the summer both land and sea receive heat from the sun, and accumulate it. The sea is constantly in motion, and its waves and currents disperse the heat, carrying it from the equatorial regions toward the poles, and so tend to equalize the temperature of the water. That about the equator is not greatly warmer than that farther north and south.

But with the land there is no way of thus equalizing temperature. The land in the summer becomes greatly heated and in the winter greatly cooled.

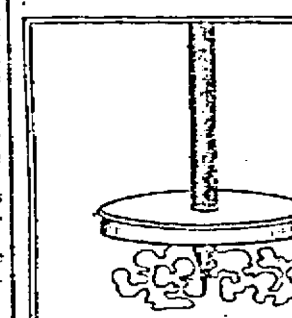
Hence, in the summer, the land is warmer than the sea in the same latitude, and in the winter cooler.

Indeed, lands situated north of the sea for long distances, and lands which are far above the sea, may be warmer in the summer than the sea, and hence cannot condense moisture from saturated air.—Youth's Companion.

A MAGIC PENCIL.

How a Round Pill Box and Pencil May Be Made to Do Queer Stunts.

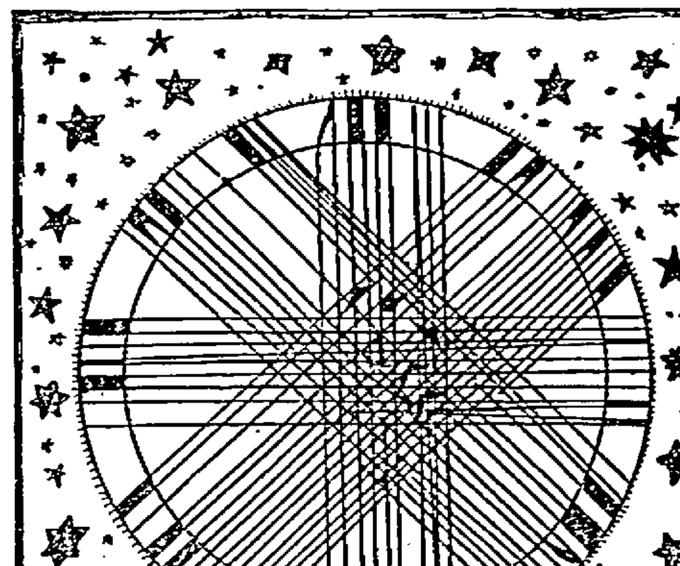
Take a round box with flat surfaces (such a box as druggists put pills in). Through the center of both lid and box pierce a hole through which a well-sharpened pencil is allowed to pass. Put a bit of sealing wax around



ODD PENCIL TRACINGS.

the pencil to hold it firmly in place. Twirl the pencil as one would spin a top, and a number of strange designs will be found traced upon the paper placed beneath. Paste this paper on a piece of card board, and if this is held firmly with one hand, and tilted from side to side with the other, many extraordinary designs will be made.

Can You Guess the Criss-Cross?



If you hold this picture on a level with your eyes you will be able to read the message hidden in the criss-cross.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Didn't Want to Board Him.

They were lingering in the hall.

"Just one kiss, darling!" he pleaded, "then I'll go."

"For goodness' sake give it to him, Maud," exclaimed a hoarse voice from the head of the stairs, "or he'll stay to breakfast."—Chicago News.

American Hens Big Layers.

Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture, says that the hens of the United States lay 1,666,000,000 dozen of eggs a year. These eggs would pay the interest on the national debt.

Gives Hunting Costumes.

The German emperor has conferred imperial court hunting costumes upon three English noblewomen—the dowager countess of Dudley, the marchioness of Lansdowne and the marchioness of Ormonde.

A Freak Tooth.

Little Tommy (at the zoo, pointing at the rhinoceros' horn)—Oh, mamma! what a big tooth! An' it's growed right up through the top of the cow's mouth.—Judge.

QUEEN OF ACTRESSES PRAISES PE-RU-NA.

MISS JULIA MARLOWE

Heartily Approves of Peruna For the Nerves.

In a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., Miss Julia Marlowe, of New York City, writes the following:

"I am glad to write my endorsement of the great remedy, Peruna, as a nerve tonic. I do so most heartily."—Julia Marlowe.

Nervousness is very common among women. This condition is due to anemic nerve centers. The nerve centers are the reservoirs of nervous vitality. These centers become bloodless for want of proper nutrition.

This is especially true in the spring season. Every spring a host of invalids are produced as the direct result of weak nerves.

This can be easily obviated by using Peruna. Peruna strikes at the root of the difficulty by correcting the digestion.

Digestion furnishes nutrition for the nerve centers. Properly digested food furnishes these reservoirs of life with vitality which leads to strong, steady nerves and thus nourishes life.

Peruna is in great favor among women, especially those who have vocations that are trying to the nerves.

Buy a bottle of Peruna today. If you do not receive all the benefits from Peruna that you expected, write to Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

Say Plainly to Your Grocer

That you want LION COFFEE always, and he, being a square man, will not try to sell you anything else. You may not care for our opinion, but

What About the United Judgment of Millions

of housekeepers who have used LION COFFEE for **over a quarter of a century?** Is there any *stronger proof of merit,* than the

Confidence of the People

and ever increasing popularity? LION COFFEE is carefully selected at the plantation, shipped direct to our various factories, where it is skillfully roasted and carefully packed in sealed packages—unlike loose coffee, which is exposed to germs, dust, insects, etc. LION COFFEE reaches you as pure and clean as when it left the factory. Sold only in 1 lb. packages.

Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Hoped It Was True.

"Before you married me," he complained, "you used to say that there wasn't another man like me in the world."

"Yes, and now," replied the wife, "I should not like to think that there was!"—Boston Globe.

"The Adirondacks and How to Reach Them" is a nice folder with maps and references to localities, hotels, boarding houses, mountains and rivers in the great wilderness of Northern New York known as the Adirondack Mountains. If you visit this region once, you will be sure to go again. A copy of "The Adirondack Mountains and How to Reach Them" will be mailed free, postpaid, to any address, on receipt of a two cent stamp, by George H. Daniels, General Passenger Agent, Grand Central Station, New York.

He who is firmly seated in authority soon learns to think security, and not progress, the highest lesson of statecraft.—Lowell.

Good Health

and how to obtain it, will be taught you by a booklet sent out by Dr. Pusheck, Chicago. Write for it; it is free. Pusheck's Kuro is a wonderful medicine and cures where all others have failed, especially in Rheumatism, Pains, Weakness and Stomach Trouble. It is the best Blood and Nerve Tonic. Write to-day.

Actions speak louder than words, but they do not unduly infect their conversation on those who do not want to listen to it.—Puck.

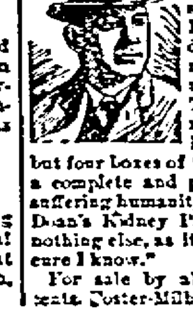
Do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—J. F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Microbes, being vegetable growths, they should never attack any but vegetarians.—Chicago Chronicle.

ALL BROKEN DOWN.

No Sleep—No Appetite—Just a Continual Backache.

Joseph McCauley, of 144 Sholto street, Chicago, Sachem of Tecumseh Lodge, says: "Two years ago my health was completely broken down. My back ached and was so lame that at times I was hardly able to dress myself. I lost my appetite and was unable to sleep. There seemed to be no relief until I took Doan's Kidney Pills; but four boxes of this remedy effected a complete and permanent cure. If suffering humanity knew the value of Doan's Kidney Pills they would use nothing else, as it is the only positive cure I know."



For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

FARMS

IN THE

PANHANDLE OF TEXAS

Mild climate, good soil. $2.50 to $5.00 per acre, liberal terms. Greatest cattle country on earth. Five railroads running into it. CHEAP EXCURSIONS to LANDSEEKERS. Crowds are coming. Best chance for a HOME. Write to

THE AMERICAN PASTORAL COMPANY, Ld., P. O. Box 1547, DENVER, COLO.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FOR WOMEN

troubled with ills peculiar to their sex, used as a douche is marvelously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local soreness, cures leucorrhœa and nasal catarrh.

Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than liquid antiseptics for all

TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES

For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box.

Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free.

THE R. PAXTON COMPANY BOSTON, MASS.

PATENTS 48-page book FREE. highest references. FITZGERALD & CO., Box K, Washington, D.C.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

INGENIOUS INVENTIONS.

Danger from a dangling broken trolley wire is removed by a safety device for the protection of persons from the electric current just placed on the market. The device, consisting of an ordinary connecting car, is fitted to each section of wire and held in proper position by the strain on the trolley wire. If this tension is released as by the breaking of the wire, the current is immediately cut off the broken section.

The new type of telautograph of Isaac and Membret, French engineers, includes a desk transmitter, on which the writing is done with an ordinary pencil, and an apparatus at the other end reproducing the writing on a roll of paper. Designs, music and signatures, as well as messages, are prepared in Paris and are accurately reproduced in Rouen, the results being much superior to those attained from time to time during many years of experiment.

The production by a Geneva firm of a direct current dynamo that will produce current at 20,000 volts is a notable achievement in the electrical world, this being far beyond anything heretofore attempted in this work. For commercial practice direct current would not be resorted to. If such extraordinary voltages were required some system of alternators would be employed. The machine in question is intended merely for experimental work, chiefly in connection with high-tension gasses.

Preparations are being made in York, Pa., for the manufacture of an improvement in fly-paper which, it is thought, will fill a long-felt want. In this the corners of the sheet are scored so that they may be interlocked and in this manner a pan is formed which will prevent much of the mischief which the old form of fly-paper is largely famous for. For instance, if the paper blows from its place on the table or window ledge and falls on the floor, the sticky side cannot come in contact with the carpet or furniture on which it may fall.

A new adhesive that has gained popularity in France is a mixture of caseine and tannate of lime. In preparing it, a solution of tannin is precipitated with milk of lime, the liquid is poured off and the precipitate is slowly dried. This dry calcium tannate is then ground in a mill with dry caseine in the proportion of one to ten times its weight, according to the use to be made of the adhesive. The compound dissolves in water, petroleum, oils and carbon bisulphide, adheres very strongly, and is applied as a paste with water.

"MY WIFE'S PEOPLE COMING"

"We Have Had a Splendid Winter" in Western Canada.

Canada's inrush this year is wonderfully great and considerably ahead of any previous year. It is always interesting to those who contemplate moving to read expressions of opinion from those living in the country. It is therefore our pleasure to reproduce the following written to an Agent of the Government and forwarded to the Immigration Branch of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa:

Birch Hills, Sask, Can., Feb. 1, 1905.

Dear Sir: I take pleasure in dropping you a few lines to let you know how we are getting along up here and how we like the place. We have been here close on to a year now and think the place is fine. We have been out every day this winter working in the bush getting out logs for buildings, etc., getting rails for fencing. We have not suffered with the cold as much as we did in Chicago. Six little boys are out every day with their sleighs having a good time. The lowest the temperature has been this winter is 34 below and it is very still, no wind.

We had a splendid summer. We put up about 50 tons of hay and will have about 20 tons to sell; hay brings $8.00 per ton now and will be higher in the spring. We have 20 acres broke and ready for crop. We worked on the Can. Nor. Ry. for awhile this summer and am just 3 miles from the R. R. and townsite. The steel is all laid to within 2 miles of the River and we often see the train bringing supplies for the Bridge.

My wife's people are coming up about May. If wish you would write them and if there should be anyone coming to Prince Albert that could do with a half a car let them know. The homesteads are all taken up within 12 miles of us. I often think if this land were only in the States what a rush there would be; it is the richest land and the most productive I ever saw, and the climate is O. K.

I know that people back there that I write to do not believe me when I write them what a splendid winter we are having, they think we are all frozen up. We have only about 8 inches of snow, and there are cattle on the range that have not been rounded up this winter. Day after day the Ther. raises up to 50 and 60, and I don't believe we have had a day this winter that it has stayed at zero. My wife says that we used to think that zero was cold in Chicago. But we don't mind it one bit. Christmas night we went out and drove 5 miles with our 3 little boys. It was 20 below and there was not a whimper from anyone of them. I'd hate to do it in old Chicago.

Well, I guess I will close and you can tell anyone in the U. S. that they cannot do better than come to the Prince Albert District. I remain,

Yours truly,

(Signed) J. D. HEAD.

An Experiment in Discipline.

"I guess I'll send my boy to college for jes' one term," said Farmer Corntassel.

"Why for only one term?"

"Well, he's too big for me to handle, an' I'd like to try what a little hazin' would do for him."—Washington Star.

A Heavy Fine.

Under the Elkins law, any railroad company which pays rebates in any form, or any shipper who accepts them, is liable to a fine of from $1,000 to $20,000, upon conviction. It also prohibits the carrying of freight at less than the published tariffs. The Interstate Commerce Commission is empowered to detect and prosecute violators of this statute. President Knapp, of the Commission, states that since this law was passed, rebate paying has been as rare as forgery.

Many Do.

It is quite easy to grow sadder without getting any wiser.

A LONG ENGAGEMENT

A MOST TRYING TIME FOR MAID AND LOVER.

The Most Devoted Lovers Exhaust Their Topics of Conversation in the Course of Several Years—The Prospective Mother-in-Law Sometimes Hinders Matters — Even Though the Income Be Small, Engaged Couples Should Marry at Earliest Opportunity.

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

(Copyright, 1905, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Agatha has been engaged to Thomas nearly four years. Thomas is in receipt of a good salary, quite sufficient to support a little home in comfort, and he is constant and devoted in his attentions to Agatha. His calls, four or five evenings a week, have become as much a thing of course as the striking of the clock. A little after eight, in walks Thomas. A little after ten, out he goes. Tender good-nights are exchanged at the door. Agatha slips away to bed. Thomas strolls homeward.

"How long is this philandering to go on," mutters Agatha's father to her mother, in the privacy of their chamber. For two years they have been obliged, after our American fashion, to exile themselves from the living-room, or parlor, whichever they call it, and spend their evenings in the dining-room or their own room upstairs. Agatha and her fiance talking, talking, talking, in low tones like the rippling of a brook, have monopolized that part of the house. It seems to the parents after awhile that the long engagement is telling unfavorably on their daughter's health and spirits, and they think it time that affairs reached a crisis, that they culminated in a wedding.

Agatha thinks so, too. She is beyond words annoyed with and weary of the situation. The most devoted pair of engaged lovers, in the course of several years, exhaust their topics of conversation. They are in danger of drifting into a state of morbid and unwholesome ennui. Were they married, a host of common, practical interests would draw them closer, and give them a basis on which to build their house of joy. The management of the home, the cooking for two, the mending, the making, the identification of the husband and wife as one family in its front to the world, help to bind them into that union which is strong as life itself.

A long engagement, dragging slowly and interminably on, when there is no apparent reason for a delayed marriage, is a very trying experience to a girl. She knows that her friends discuss her and wonder why the wedding is deferred. She attends the weddings of other friends. She begins to be socially, pardon the slang, a back number. An engaged girl cannot compete in social intercourse with her friends who are still free. Very likely she has been preparing her store of linen, and there are piles of sheets and towels over which the fingers with that house-wifely yearning, known to women when they are planning a new home. I knew one girl who waited 11 years, while her tardy lover continued his visits, never even faintly alluding to marriage. The memory of her girlish "yes" was growing remote, when her young sister announced her engagement, slyly adding: "Edwin wants to be married in three months. I don't see how I can be ready." "You might be ready if Edwin wanted you to marry him to-morrow," said the older woman. "You shall have my things," and the elaborate trousseau, as well as the beautiful stock of fine linen was forced upon the blushing bride-to-be. The first engagement was broken, as it should have been long before.

Our English cousins allude to the loosely-managed betrothals that over here so often dissolve in mist, as "dangling." It would seem that "dangling" is a thing unworthy an honorable man.

* * * * *

Agatha's prospective mother-in-law, if she be a selfish woman, may be at the bottom of Tom's postponed marriage. Mothers sometimes hate the idea of parting with sons, and move heaven and earth to keep them single. A son who is fond of his mother, has it may be, not the manhood to break her bonds. In proportion as he is a good son, he dreads hurting her feelings. If the mother is very tactful and a little unscrupulous, she may manage her son without his suspecting it, and in one way or another preserve her ascendancy over him, and keep "that girl" waiting an indefinite time.

To tell the plain truth, Agatha is in a very delicate and difficult position. She cannot take the initiative. No girl who respects herself can beg her lover to name the wedding day. This is his prerogative, not hers. He should beg, and she grant the favor of an early marriage. A man should be sure of his own mind, and purse, before becoming engaged. Once engaged, he should not be the one to defer, and defer, and defer the wedding day. If he does, the young woman may sever the bond. This is her privilege. But she cannot plead for a change of behavior on his part. An unwilling bridegroom would be a shamefully insulting mate for any woman.

* * * * *

Should a man, as may happen, discover too late that he has made a mistake, that his love is on the wane, that instead of anticipation, foreboding is the mood and temper in which he regards his coming marriage, his only honorable course is to be candid with the girl he has sought. He would do her a great wrong if he married her, when his heart was full of reluctance. Few girls hesitate to release a lover who made this explanation, humiliating to him, and heart-breaking to the hearer, but frank and honest, and therefore worthy. The girl will recover from her heart ache. The man step forth with dignity. There is no dignity in remaining in a false position.

Generally speaking, engaged couples should marry as soon as they can. The income may be a tiny one, but marvels can be wrought by good management, and there is endless fun and endless contentment, too, when young people who love one another, are in the midst of their early, hopeful years, living frugally and sharing the loaf and cup. Self-denials bind them as extravagant expenditure never can. Agatha means the world to Thomas. She is at his back. He braves everything for her, is a better business man, a better citizen on her account. A married pair are worth much more to the community than several couples of engaged lovers, dawdling and dreaming, and wasting their time in sentimental moonshine. If it is want of money that delays anybody's marriage, let him summon up courage, and go on. The money will come when it is deserved and most wanted.

I know well that this is not the advice of prudence, nor would prudent people indorse it without a protest. Yet again and again, I have seen young people marry on very small means, and go on, steadily increasing their income until they reached a condition of ease. What constitutes a competence can be determined only by young people themselves. The essentials of a home are really very few, and people have before now kept house creditably in two or three rooms, and have had no need to be ashamed of the result of their joint endeavors. The fatal mistake is to begin on too large a scale. A girl never writes this, if the man she loves is frank with her, and tells her precisely what he can afford, and with perfect openness asks her help in making ends meet.

SOME PARISIAN SLEEVES.

An Array of Models of the Latest and Approved Styles Sent Over to America from France.

In the accompanying sketch are seen some of the most approved of the sleeve designs for the present and coming seasons. The models are of

APPROVED SLEEVES.

Parisian origin and conspicuous among them is the new leg-o'-mutton sleeve. Two designs for evening sleeves are also illustrated and likewise one for a blouse or reception gown.

THE VALUE OF GLYCERIN.

In Cold of Winter and Chill of Spring of Inestimable Value in Soothing Skin.

Nothing is better for chapped hands than a mixture of glycerin and olive oil in equal proportions. The softness of the oil takes away the smarting property of the glycerin. To make glycerin jelly equal to that sold, and quite pure, dissolve a one-ounce packet of table gelatine in a little water; then whisk it into a pint of glycerin. It can be colored with cochineal. Pour into pots. If too stiff add more glycerin. An ounce packet of gelatine stirred into four ounces of glycerin after being softened with water will cause the gelatine to set like stiff glue. This, cut into squares, is excellent to use in throat troubles. A tin of condensed milk, four ounces of glycerin, two ounces of honey and a half pound of sugar make a honeyscotch nice to take, and very nutritious. If a laxative is required, two teaspoonfuls of glycerin swallowed warm at intervals of an hour are what is needed. As a cure for indigestion a teaspoonful of glycerin after meals is a perfect cure. For pimples, flowers of sulphur mixed with glycerin is a splendid remedy. For earache, a few drops of warm glycerin poured into the ear soothes and heals, and equal parts of belladonna and glycerin mixed and rubbed round the ear will soothe the pain if severe.

How to Look Your Best.

When you wish to look your best at a dinner or dance or any special occasion if tired, says a writer in the Gentlewoman, lie down in the afternoon and be sure to throw off both shoes and corsets, for without the removal of these, as a hospital nurse once told me, you can get no real ease. Now take, and quickly, a warm bath and afterward rub your spine well with eau de cologne for verbena. Dress very slowly, and while your maid does your hair close your eyes. The face should first have been carefully washed with water as hot as could be borne, softened with bran and then sluiced with cold water in which some toilet vinegar has been dashed. To brighten the eyes bathe them in a teacupful of water which has been slightly salted. Whatever happens, be sure to have all your clothes, your stockings, shoes, gloves, handkerchiefs, laces, hand bag, fan, opera glass or what not laid out ready for you in the afternoon, your hair brushes washed, etc., so that when the hour comes for you to dress you can have no sort of worry or hurry and can make your toilet composedly. If a pick-me-up be needed there is no recipe so good as a glass of boiling milk sprinkled on top with nutmeg, to be sipped slowly.

Bright Eyes.

The best "glow" you can have for eyes is the glow of health. Try to rest your eyes all you can. Bathe them with a boracic acid solution obtained of your druggist and save them all you can. You can make them look brighter by darkening the lashes and the brows by a natural means. Do not use cosmetics except when on the stage. Make-up is very easily detected.

Vase as Hat-Pin Holder.

The vase is the accepted holder of the hat pin. A vase made for the purpose, which comes with puff and jewelry boxes to match, is of thick glass in a flat square-sided shape.

CARE OF TOILET ARTICLES.

Is Especially Recommended to Travelers Going Abroad—Danger in Carelessness.

Although the majority of womankind are fairly well informed as to the various methods used in the newest treatment for skin or scalp troubles, or in the work of removing traces of neglect, not one in a hundred stops to inquire into the especially important subject of sterilizing all instruments necessary in this work in such a manner that the well being of the patrons may be assured, says the Philadelphia Inquirer.

In fact, so careless are many women in this respect that, although the souls of daintiness as far as their personal belongings are concerned, they seem to be perfectly oblivious to the dangers they may run in submitting to treatments from the hands of one who is not well enough informed to realize the imperative demand for scrupulous attention to the details of her work.

For instance, in the popular works of massage alone there are many ways in which most disagreeable cutaneous disorders may be acquired, unless the utmost precaution is observed. First of all, one should demand that for each subject a clean covering for the top of the operating chair must be provided.

The bandage used about the head to keep the locks from becoming oily must also be taken from a freshly laundered assortment, while the towels used about the neck of the gown will naturally come from the same source. This is but the beginning of the good work, and now one must observe the operator. If she does her work carefully she will scrub her hands thoroughly not only the moment she finishes one massage, but also before she commences another, and in addition she will immerse them in an antiseptic solution.

The cup that is used for cleansing the face before the massage is commenced must also be immersed in a sufficiently strong lotion and allowed to remain in this mixture until ready for use, when it may be rinsed with very warm water or washed in a milder lotion, if necessary.

All electrical instruments, such as the rollers, tiny hammers, vibratiles, must also be sterilized in the same manner, and here, when one might think precautions could cease, still another matter is to be considered. This is in connection with the cream to be used upon the skin for the purpose of aiding the manipulation and also for remedying various defects.

Although this cream is a necessity and may even have medicinal qualities, still, if the operator dips her fingers into the jar and applies the cream to the face of one patient, then continues the same tactics wiht others as they appear, the oils may easily become fertile breeding places for the very germs one has sought to avoid in adopting the other precautions just mentioned. The only way to avoid this danger is to remove sufficient cream for use in one massage by dipping a bit of cotton into the jar, or else by means of a small ivory instrument, thus not inserting the fingers at all.

WOMEN OWNING PROPERTY

A Number Possess One-Third of the Business Realty in Los Angeles.

"You may think it a startling statement," said a prominent dealer in real estate, "when I tell you that fully one-third of the real estate in this city is owned by women. In that book yonder," pointing to a huge volume on the desk, "is a complete list of all the property within the city limits. Just run your eye over its pages if you doubt the truth of what I say."

Sure enough! The pages fairly bristled with feminine names, says the Los Angeles Times. "Mary," "Elizabeth," "Caroline," etc., illuminated the text from cover to cover of the big book. Further investigation revealed the fact that some of the choicest business property—much of it, indeed—belongs to women.

The Merchants' and Manufacturers' association has just made out a list of property owners in the downtown section. In this list the names of nearly 200 women appear, some of them several times, indicating as many pieces of property. These women are not simply holding this valuable real estate in their names as a matter of family arrangement, but are the absolute and independent owners of the property assessed to them in this choice district of the city. Many of them are widows, some of them are single women, but all are bona fide owners.

Some of this property has remained in the same hands for years, owned by women who have inherited it and who have been content to simply wait and watch their fortunes grow, serene in the faith that "all things come to him who waits"—and anyone fortunate enough to own a few feet of land anywhere in this section could well afford to wait.

Other women, energetic and full of business push, have been strong in the belief that fortunes come quicker to those who hustle while they wait. Accordingly they have "hustled" and have turned their holdings over and over, buying and selling, holding on and letting go—in short, have kept their nest egg rolling until, like the boys' snowball, it has increased to enormous proportions.

His Voice Needed Filling.

There is a young medical student living in Westport who has decided not to speak to a girl he knows. He was calling on the young woman recently and during the evening he volunteered to sing. When he had concluded his song he turned to the girl. "I'm thinking of taking voice culture," he said. "Do you know of a good teacher whose charge is reasonable?" "I know the very one for you," she replied. "His name is Taylor. Give me a card and I'll write down his telephone number for you." The young man gave her the card. Next day he called Taylor up on the telephone. "Is this Mr. Taylor, the vocal teacher?" he asked. "The what?" came over the wire. "The vocal teacher?" "Naw," was the reply. "I don't teach nothin'. I file saws."—Kansas City Times.

Not Musically Inclined.

"May we hope for the pleasure of your company to-morrow? We shall have instrumental and vocal music. My daughter Alice will sing, and afterwards Beatrice will recite her new poem. At nine o'clock we shall have supper."

"Many thanks—you are very kind. I will be with you at nine."—Tit-Bits.

THE BALL PROBABLY RIGHT.

Settled On the Number Which Might Have Brought Gain Instead of Loss.

George Ade was describing a Monte Carlo experience, relates the New York Tribune.

"In the big, gilded, ornate halls," he said, "women in beautiful gowns swept to and fro, and each gambling table was surrounded with players and onlookers, four or five rows deep.

"I saw a young man in American clothes, a young woman in American clothes, and a boy in American clothes.

"'I'm going to play. I'm going to risk five francs. I'm going to risk it on my age,' said the young woman.

"She ran her eye over the three columns of yellow numbers on the table, and she set a silver five franc piece on 18.

"'Rien ne va plus,' said the croupier. And the little white ball whirled round, dropped, clattered about a bit, and rested, finally, in the No. 28.

"'Gosh hang it, I've lost,' said the American girl. 'Eighteen doesn't win a thing.'

"'Say, Minnie,' said her little brother, 'it's a pity you didn't let your real age. You'd have won then, wouldn't you?'"

A Wonderful Discovery.

Broadland, S. Dak., March 28.—Quite a sensation has been created here by the publication of the story of G. W. Gray, who after a special treatment for three months was prostrate and helpless and given up to die with Bright's Disease. Bright's Disease has always been considered incurable, but evidently from the story told by Mr. Gray, there is a remedy which will cure it even in the most advanced stages. This is what he says:

"I was helpless as a little babe. My wife and I searched everything and read everything we could find about Bright's Disease, hoping that I would be able to find a remedy. After many failures my wife insisted that I should try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I praise God for the day when I decided to do so, for this remedy met every phase of my case and in a short time I was able to get out of bed, and after a few weeks' treatment I was a strong, well man. Dodd's Kidney Pills saved my life."

A remedy that will cure Bright's Disease will cure any lesser Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills are certainly the most wonderful discovery which modern medical research has given to the world.

In France women can wear trousers by paying ten dollars a year. Consequently, as a rule, they do not care to. Perhaps this is fortunate, considering the American habit of following French fashions.—Boston Globe.

SKIN-TORTURED BABIES.

Instant Relief In Warm Baths with Cuticura Soap and Gentle Anointings with Cuticura Ointment.

The suffering which Cuticura Remedies have alleviated among the young, and the comfort they have afforded worn-out and worried parents, have led to their adoption in countless homes as priceless curatives for the skin and blood. Infantile and birth humors, milk crust, scalled head, eczema, rashes, and every form of itching, scaly, pimply skin, and scalp humors, with loss of hair, of infancy and childhood, are speedily, permanently and economically cured when all other remedies suitable for children, and even the best physicians, fail.

College professors say that freshmen have deteriorated in intellectual strength in recent years, and freshmen say that college professors are not as able as they ought to be.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Write to S. G. Warner, G. P. & T. A., Kansas City Southern Ry., Kansas City, Mo., for information concerning free Government Homesteads, New Colony Locations, Improved farms, Mineral lands, Rice lands, and Timber lands and for copy of "Current Events," Business Opportunities, Rice book, K. C. S. Fruit book. Cheap round trip homeseekers' tickets on sale first and third Tuesdays of each month. The short line to the "Land of Fulfillment."

This is an illustration of English as she is spoke: I once said to a girl: "Will you not marry me?" And she said: "Yes, I will not marry you."—N. Y. Times.

General Weakness.

Nervous Prostration, Easily Tired, Pains, Aches, etc., are signs of some deep-seated trouble and ought to be corrected at once. Pusheck's Kuro is the best Tonic, Blood and Nerve medicine in the world, also Cures Indigestion, Misuse and Heart and Kidney Troubles.

The billionaire is not bothered by the phrase dirty money. He can get a new clean checkbook whenever he wants it.—Washington Star.

In a Pinch, Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Painful, Smarting, Hot, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Some men want to make hay even when it is raining.—N. Y. Times.

A Marvel of Relief

St. Jacobs Oil

Safe and sure for

Lumbago

and

Sciatica

It is the specific virtue of penetration in this remedy that carries it right to the pain spot and effects a prompt cure.

PAINFUL PERIODS

Suggestions How to Find Relief from Such Suffering.

Miss Nellie Holmes — Mrs Tillie Hart

While no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it does not seem to be the plan of nature that women should suffer so severely. Menstruation is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. If it is painful or irregular something is wrong which should be set right or it will lead to a serious derangement of the whole female organism.

More than fifty thousand women have testified in grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcomes painful and irregular menstruation.

It provides a safe and sure way of escape from distressing and dangerous weaknesses and diseases.

The two following letters tell so convincingly what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will do for women, they cannot fail to bring hope to thousands of sufferers.

Miss Nellie Holmes of 540 N. Davision Street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Your medicine is indeed an ideal medicine for women. I suffered misery for years with painful periods, headaches and bearing-down pains. I consulted two different physicians but failed to get any relief. A friend from the East advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so, and no longer suffer as I did before. My periods are natural; every ache and pain is gone, and my general health is much improved. I advise all women who suffer to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. Tillie Hart, of Larimore, N. D., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I might have have been spared many months of suffering and pain had I only known of the efficacy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound sooner; for I have tried so many remedies without help.

"I dreaded the approach of my menstrual period every month, as it meant so much pain and suffering for me, but after I had used the Compound two months I became regular and natural and am now perfectly well and free from pain at my monthly periods. I am very grateful for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound rests upon the well-earned gratitude of American women.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating, (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about your sickness you do not understand. She will treat you with kindness and her advice is free. No woman ever regretted writing her and she has helped thousands. Address Lynn, Mass.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

WINCHESTER

"NEW RIVAL" BLACK POWDER SHELLS.

It's the thoroughly modern and scientific system of loading and the use of only the best materials which make Winchester Factory Loaded "New Rival" Shells give better pattern, penetration and more uniform results generally than any other shells. The special paper and the Winchester patent corrugated head used in making "New Rival" shells give them strength to withstand reloading.

BE SURE TO GET WINCHESTER MAKE OF SHELLS.

LOW RATES

To the Land of Opportunity.

Those interested in the manifold opportunities to be found in Montana, Washington, British Columbia and Oregon, will find that the Great Northern Railway offers the greatest facilities in reaching the important points in the Northwest and the many rich farming sections of Montana, Washington and Oregon as well as the great lumbering and mining districts in these Northwestern states and British Columbia. The rate to the North Pacific Coast points is $25.00 with proportionately low rates to other destinations, all tickets carrying liberal stop-over privileges.

For further information, rates, etc., call on or address any representative of the Great Northern Railway. Send two cents postage for illustrated bulletin descriptive of Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana or Washington, designating which one you desire, to F. I. Whitney, Passenger Traffic Manager, Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

Jupiter, with his six moons, if the planet is inhabited, must be a lovely place for lovers.—Boston Globe.

THE FISH BRAND SLICKER A VALUED FRIEND

"A good many years ago I bought a FISH BRAND Slicker, and it has proven a valued friend for many a stormy day, but now it is getting old and I must have another. Please send me a price-list."

(The name of this valuable article, although it has not been in use for years, will be given on application.)

HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO.
Boston, U.S.A.

TOWER CANADIAN COMPANY, Limited
Toronto, Canada

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

Wet Weather Clothing, Suits, and Hats for all kinds of wet work or sport

EXCURSIONS

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

TO THE FREE GRANT LANDS of WESTERN CANADA

During the months of March and April, there will be Excursions on the various lines of railway to the Canadian West.

Hundreds of thousands of the best Wheat and Grazing Lands on the Continent free to the settler.

Adjoining lands may be purchased from railway and land companies at reasonable prices. For information as to route, cost of transportation, etc., apply to SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or to

CHAS. PILLING, C. Ford B.L., Grand Forks, N. Dak.
J. M. MACHAN, B.C.L.S., Watertown, South Dakota.
E. T. HOLMES, 315 Jackson Street, St. Paul, Minn.
Authorized Canadian Government Agents.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN,

A Certain Cure for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. They Break up Colds in 24 hours. At all Druggists, 25 cts. every package. Sample mailed FREE. Address, New York City, A. S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N.Y.

LADIES WANTED to present a plan whereby we will pay $30.00 for Perpetual Insurance on home business, no office efforts; $10.00 profit on each order. E. D. TOMPKINS, 3 Mill St., Middletown, N.Y.

SOUTHERN CONDITIONS AND POSSIBILITIES.

In no part of the United States has there been such wonderful Commercial, Industrial and Agricultural development as along the lines of the Illinois Central and the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroads in the States of Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana, within the past ten years. Cities and towns have doubled their population. Splendid business blocks have been erected. Farm lands have more than doubled in value. Hundreds of industries have been established and as a result there is an unprecedented demand for

Day Laborers, Skilled Workmen, and especially Farm Tenants.

Parties with small capital, seeking an opportunity to purchase a farm home; farmers who would prefer to rent for a couple of years before purchasing; and day laborers in fields or factories should address a postal card to Mr. J. F. Merry, Asst. General Passenger Agent, Dubuque, Iowa, who will promptly mail printed matter concerning the territory above described, and give specific replies to all inquiries.

PISO'S TABLETS

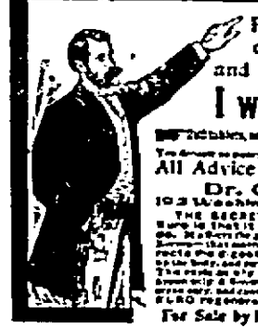
The New Boon for Woman's Ills.

SILENT suffering from any form of female disorder is no longer necessary. Many modest women would rather die by inches than consult anyone, even by letter, about their private troubles. PISO'S TABLETS attack the source of the disease and give relief from the start. Whatever form of illness afflicts you, our interesting treatise, Cause of Diseases in Women, will explain your trouble and our method of cure. A copy will be mailed free with a Generous Sample of the Tablets, to any woman addressing

THE PISO COMPANY

Clark and Liberty Streets, WARREN, PA.

Pusheck's Kuro is the Surest Cure for all Blood and Nervous Troubles



For all Weakness, Pains, Rheumatism, Nervous and General Debility, for Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Eczema, Catarrh and Indigestion, Misuse and Heart Diseases. To introduce it in your community:

I will send you "Pusheck's Kuro" on Trial

[illegible]

All Advice Free. Write to-day.

Dr. C. PUSHECK,
103 Washington St., CHICAGO, ILL.

THE SECRET OF SUCCESS with Pusheck's Kuro is that it does what no other medicine does [illegible] PUSHECK'S KURO regenerates the entire system.

For Sale by Druggists everywhere, $1.00.

COUPON. Cut Out and send to Dr. Pusheck, Chicago.
I have never used Pusheck's Kuro if my address, but will if it will cost me not a cent.
Name _____
P. O. Address _____
Age _____ Occupation _____
Name of Nearest _____
Name of this Paper _____ K. C.
This Medicine is not to be paid for unless it benefits.

THE NEW NORTH.

PARK & COMPANY, PUBLISHERS

C. M. PARK, EDITOR AND MANAGER

ADVERTISING RATES.

DISPLAY ADVERTISEMENTS—For a contract of three months or less, twenty cents per column inch for each insertion.

FOR A SIX MONTHS' CONTRACT, fifteen cents per column inch for each insertion.

FOR A YEARLY CONTRACT, ten cents per column inch for each insertion.

In addition to the above all composition in display ads in excess of three minutes per inch, will be charged for at the rate of thirty cents per hour.

READING NOTICES.

READING NOTICES will be charged at ten cents per line for the first insertion and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

ALL NOTICES will be charged for at regular rates except notices of church services.

President Roosevelt has been having a "large" time down in Texas and according to various cartoons the Texans are probably enjoying a necessary spell of rest and recuperation after their spell of strenuous life at the pace set them. Should such measures come up that the people should demand that President Roosevelt run again, it is very evident the "solid south" would be smashed again by Texas.

Considerable sport was indulged in by the senators at Madison last Thursday over the bill to regulate the size of firecrackers, and prohibit the use of the so-called giant crackers. One senator offered an amendment to the bill making it necessary to have a six inch fuse attached to each cracker. Another offered a second amendment that every cracker should have attached to it a six foot wooden handle. The bill was advanced to a third reading in spite of the opposition.

The bill prohibiting the manufacture and sale of cigarettes and cigarette papers in Wisconsin has passed both houses and been signed by the governor. The only way "coffin nails" can be secured after July 1st, will be in other states. It is said that the American Tobacco Company will test the constitutionality of the law in the courts. We hope, if the law is tested it will prove constitutional and remain in force, and that the use of the cigarette in Wisconsin will soon be a thing of the past.

EXEMPTIONS.

The senate has concurred in the bill introduced some time ago changing the amount exempt from garnishment of wages from $60 to $30. There was considerable opposition to the bill and it was claimed it was a blow aimed at the working men. We do not see it in that light up here. It is not a blow at the working men any more than any other class. No man who receives $30 per month will suffer by this bill becoming a law, not if he shows a proper spirit and a willingness to pay when he can. There are too many dead beats in the country now, and they have been protected by the law as it now stands, and something should be done for merchants and others who have trusted them at various times in good faith, so that they can have some remedy to enable them to collect some of these accounts.

LAY SERMON.

Thou shalt not covet. Exodus 20-17.

It is a serious question, even with the righteous, whether the scriptural laws for good living should be literally or constructively applied. The prohibitions against idolatry and crime admit of no construction, because they involve physical conduct, clearly definable, whose avoidance rests in the exercise of will-power. Hence obedience is easy. But there are others which comprise moral and mental operations, and whose ramifications are so varied and extensive that they puzzle the will and keep us in doubt and perplexity. Such is the inhibition against covetousness. The word is comprehensive, more, perhaps, in its evil than in its good sense. Its vicious synonyms are avarice and cupidity. The wisdom of that law is unquestionable which forbids the indulgence of this evil passion. It is the most dangerous of all the pernicious propensities that harass our poor human nature. It is a disturber of peace, a breeder of discontent, an underminer of integrity, an instigator of crime.

Really great utterances deal only with fundamentals. In the realm of the human are magna charta and the Declaration of Independence; in that of the divine the decalogue is supreme. It is basic in every clause. Obedience to it insures national and individual life, violation of it entails inevitable destruction. It was meant for all men in all time, and it shall stand forever as the condition of success or failure, immortality or annihilation.

Some theologies teach us that man is prone to evil. The assertion is too broad; but while it should be modified in some respects it is true on many lines. Covetousness is a native growth, the most generally prevalent and the most difficult to eradicate of all the ills that plague us. It impels the child to snatch its brother's toys. It leads the man to overreach his neighbor. It inspires the Napoleons of war to grasp for empire. It prompts the Napoleons of finance to damn their souls for wealth.

Observe that the tenth commandment does not specify any overt act. It goes deeper. It forbids the mental operation which prompts the material wickedness. It is the most fundamental of all the provisions of that inspired code—and the most difficult to obey.

You ask why? Because thought is the parent of action, and our thoughts are masters and impart their nature to our deeds.

Like all offenses, there are degrees of covetousness. We are not all culpably so. Yet it is doubtful whether any of us are immune. Not that we have been led to physical acts violative of the law. But in our minds, in our impulses, we have pressed closely to the danger line. Covetousness has its subsidiary passions, related in greater or less degree. Selfishness is its cousin, insidious and dangerous, narrowing the soul and poisoning the mind. When selfishness supplants the generous impulses the heart is open to "treasons, stratagems and spoils." Envy is the half sister of covetousness. It is only a pace from envy to moral larceny, and but a step from that to actual transgression.

In these days of class antagonism, of social, political and industrial clashing, how far is envy responsible for the turmoil and conflict? What is the inspiring motive of the antipathy of the poor toward the rich? What causes the cynical dislike of one circle in society toward another? What is it that creates and fosters class animosity and breeds contention where there should be brotherhood? Each community must answer these questions for itself, and true answers will suggest the remedy.

But all reformation commences with the individual. The unit must be right before the summum bonum can be established. Let each one of us be his own investigating committee. Are we free from covetousness and its accompaniments? "Come, let us reason, together." Let us put our better selves upon inquiry. Are you envious because your neighbor has acquired fortune while you must eat the bread of daily toil? I know just what is in your mind. You think fortune is partial and unjust. You are as good, as honest, as clean, as industrious as your neighbor. Yet grist has gone to his mill and left yours with empty hoppers. The world knows of this, accords you respect—and gives your neighbor the substantial benefits. But don't let in that spirit of envy. There is in it no good, but infinite harm. You cannot afford to spoil your own life because others seem to have richer fruition in a wider sphere.

Do you contemplate with bitterness the social success of your sometime friend and hate the narrowness of your own circle? Here again you realize and assert your own deserving, depreciate your scanty rewards and declaim against fortune for her partiality.

How foolishly we act. From our conduct one would infer that this life is all, and that wealth and furbelows and banquets are the be all and the end all. Our religion teaches us the fallacy of that conclusion. Why do we forget its divine teaching and ignore its comforting assurances? What a farce any religion would be that would permit us to imbibe selfishness, envy and covetousness, and to trade the sacredness of lofty character for the glitter of wealth or the trumpery of fashion. The christian believes, as one of the eternal verities, that this life is only a preparation for a better. The Almighty has tried, for thousands of years to impress that stupendous truth on human consciousness, and up to the twentieth christian century He has only partially succeeded. If we believe what we profess we know that sometime there will be an eternity of jubilee. That in that higher life all things will be made even. That distinctions will cease. That fraternity will be real and universal. That compensation will be adequate and ample. Can't we wait for that? That is what we are asked to do. That is what the Master taught. And only as we realize the truth of his teachings, and cultivate contentment with our lot, and practice charity toward our neighbor, can we make this life what it should be, a true preparation for a more exalted existence hereafter. So mote it be.

Irrigated Land in the Spokane Valley.

The Spokane Valley extends from the city of Spokane for about 20 miles, with an average width of five miles, reaching Coeur d'Alene City, on Coeur d'Alene Lake, to the southeast. The soil is similar to that of the famous Rhine Valley in Germany, with this difference, that while the Rhine Valley has been cultivated for thousands of years, the Spokane Valley is practically virgin soil.

Spokane is the distributing point for eastern Washington and northern Idaho, has a population of 67,000 and from it electric lines are being constructed to all parts of the valley, which will soon be one vast suburb of the city itself.

Irrigated land in the western part of the valley is now worth $300 per acre, while in the eastern part, where water is now ready for use, it can be had for about $150 per acre. Alfalfa, and semi-tropical fruits of all varieties grow to perfection in this district. The proximity of Spokane makes this an exceedingly desirable proposition.

For maps and other publications dealing with this and other districts along the Northern Pacific Ry., ask for Series D 120.

Write to C. W. Mott, Gen'l Emigration Agent, Northern Pacific Ry., St. Paul, Minn.

Half-Sick

"I first used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in the fall of 1848. Since then I have taken it every spring as a blood-purifying and nerve-strengthening medicine."—S. T. Jones, Wichita, Kans.

If you feel run down, are easily tired, if your nerves are weak and your blood is thin, then begin to take the good old standard family medicine—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It's a nerve lifter, a blood builder. $1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

To hasten recovery, keep the liver active and the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills. All vegetable.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Miss Anna Walsh is about to take a position with Solberg & Kolden as saleslady.

The ladies of the Catholic church will hold a bazaar at the Armory May 11 and 12.

Great reductions in fine Easter men's furnishing goods, hats and shoes at the Lewis sale.

WANTED:—Pine and hemlock lumber graders.
a13-20. BROWN BROS. LB'R CO.

Andrew Olson of the north side was taken to the hospital yesterday where an operation was performed.

The swamp opposite the "Soo" depot was afire early yesterday afternoon, calling the department to that locality. No damage.

A wonderful spring tonic. Drives out all winter impurities, gives you strength, health and happiness. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. J. J. Reardon.

Louis Petey, who was recently discharged from St. Mary's hospital, where he had been confined for several weeks suffering from the effects of an operation for appendicitis, was about the city this week receiving the congratulations of his friends. He resumed his position with the Wisconsin Veneer Co. yesterday.

Feel tired, no appetite, cannot sleep, work or eat? That's spring tiredness and will disappear at once if you take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. J. J. Reardon.

The ladies of the Catholic church will hold a bazaar at the Armory May 11 and 12.

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE.

ARBOR VITAE.

Mrs. L. Hamlin spent a few days at Rhinelander last week.

Mrs. Chas. Farnsworth spent a few days in Rhinelander the latter part of last week.

Mrs. T. Medennaldt of Minocqua and Miss Medennaldt of Merrill spent Friday in the this place.

Another home talent was given here last Saturday night. A good crowd was in attendance.

Mr. Ed. Fetch left this morning for Cloquet, Minn., where he has accepted a position in the planing mill.

Miss Mary Klement of Lac du Flambeau spent a few hours with her parents of this place Wednesday.

Mr. Sweeny, representing the F. R. A. is in town talking insurance and has secured a large number of members.

A number of Arbor Vitae people drove to Minocqua to see the play "Uncle Tom's Cabin," Sunday evening.

Mr. J. Stynson, who has been confined to his home for the last few weeks on account of illness, is able to out again.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Steele of Rhinelander spent Saturday and Sunday in this place bidding farewell to their many friends before leaving for the west.

HAZELHURST.

Chas. Nugent left Monday for St. Paul.

Mrs. Frank Decker is reported on the sick list.

Will Knabe left for his home at Medford Thursday.

The school inspector visited our schools the first of the week.

Mrs. Theo. Bruett went to Rhinelander Thursday of last week.

Rev. and Mrs. Ware were Minocqua visitors Wednesday afternoon.

H. N. Jewell of Antigo was a business visitor the first of the week.

Misses Damie and Jessie Wheeler were shopping in Minocqua Friday.

Miss Agnes Harrington was in town with a stock of spring millinery last week.

The young people of the M. E. Church have organized a choir of eight members.

Mrs. H. Kuepper of Minocqua visited with her daughter, Mrs. J. S. Timlin the first of the week.

Mrs. Fred Smith and children went to Tomahawk Sunday evening where they will visit with her parents.

John Hinds went to Star Lake last week where he has secured employment on one of the logging trains.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Edwards and little daughter went to Tomahawk and Spirit Falls, where they will make an extended visit with relatives and friends.

POPULAR ROSEWELLE HATS

We are showing the snappiest and most up to date line of Hats ever shown in this city. We have them in all the latest styles in the Flat Irons in Brown and Black. Some Nice Black Crushers, New Fedoras and many other new styles and shapes

Rosewelle Hats are the best 3.00 Hats in the world

We also have a nice line of Hats at $2.00, $1.50 and $1.00 in some nice up to date styles

BOYS' SUITS

During this week we are offering some very special values in Boy's Suits. We have some nice little fellows' suits in very bright styles, yet not too showy

Boys' good two-piece Suits in double breasted, made of nice gray worsteds at

$2.50 and up to $4.00

Something very nice in Boy's Long Pants Suits, sizes 14 to 20 in fancy cassimeres and worsteds

Let us show you these goods

H. M. BUCK'S CLOTHING HOUSE

Originators of Low Prices

AN ORDINANCE.

An ordinance creating a Cemetery Commission and defining its powers:

The Common Council of the City of Rhinelander do ordain as follows:

Section 1. There is hereby created a Cemetery Commission to consist of five members, to be appointed by the Council.

Section 2. The members first appointed shall hold their office for the terms of one, two, three, four and five years respectively, the Council to designate the terms of each member; and thereafter, at the expiration of each year, a member of the Commission shall be appointed to succeed the member whose term expires, such new member to hold his office for the term of five years or until his successor is appointed.

Section 3. The Commission shall have the power to appoint a sexton and to define his duties and fix his compensation, subject to the approval of the Council, and shall have and exercise in reference to the City Cemetery the same powers that are now exercised by the Park Commissioners in reference to City Parks.

Section 4. In addition to such sums as the Council may appropriate for the cemetery, there is hereby created a permanent fund as follows: All moneys hereafter received from the sale of cemetery lots, and all license fees hereafter received, except saloon licenses and dog and circus licenses, shall be set apart for a cemetery fund, to be expended for the improvement of the Cemetery under the direction of the Commission. All bills for such expenditure, after being approved by the Commission, shall be audited by the Council in all respects as other claims against the city are audited.

Section 5. Such parts of all ordinances and resolutions as conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Passed by the Common Council April 15, A. D. 1905.

GEO. SWEDBERG, City Clerk.

I hereby approve of the above ordinance.

MATT. STARKEY, Mayor.

Dated April 17, 1905.

The Good Old Way.

A severe cold or attack of la grippe is like a fire, the sooner you combat it the better your chances are to overpower it. But few mothers in this age are willing to do the necessary work required to give a good old-fashioned reliable treatment such as would be administered by their grandmothers, backed by Boschee's German Syrup, which was always liberally used in connection with the home treatment of colds and is still in greater household favor than any known remedy. But even without the application of the old fashioned olds German Syrup will cure a severe cold in quick time. It will cure colds in children or grown people. It relieves the congested organs, allays the irritation, and effectively stops the cough. Any child will take it. It is invaluable in a household of children. Trial size bottle, 25c; regular size, 75c. For sale by

J. J. Reardon.

About Rheumatism.

There are few diseases that inflict more torture than rheumatism and there is probably no disease for which such a varied and useless lot of remedies have been suggested. To say that it can be cured is, therefore, a bold statement to make, but Chamberlain's Pain Balm which enjoys an extensive sale, has met with great success in the treatment of this disease. One application of Pain Balm will relieve the pain, and hundreds of sufferers have testified to permanent cures by its use. Why suffer when Pain Balm affords such quick relief and costs but a trifle? For sale by

Anderle & Hinman.

A strength tonic that brings rich, red blood. Makes you strong, healthy and active. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do. 35cents, Tea or Tablets.

J. J. Reardon.

Kretlow's Pharmacy

Is the place to have your Physicians Prescriptions Compounded.

Anything New

In drugs you will find at my store if it is to be had in the city. We aim to keep our stock at all times right up to the hour, and carry an assortment of worthy goods to sell

At Right Prices

Largest Variety of Perfumes in the city.

Our toilet articles are of the kind that give full value in satisfaction for every cent of cost.

F. E. KRETLOW

THE DRUGGIST.

Very Low Excursion Rates to San Francisco and Los Angeles,

Via the North-Western Line, will be in effect from all stations May 1, 2, 3, 9, 11, 12 and 13, with favorable return limits, on account of General Assembly of Cumberland Presbyterian church at Freno. Two fast trains to California daily. "The Overland Limited" (electric lighted through out), less than three days en route.

Another fast train is "The California Express" with drawing room and tourist sleeping cars. The best of everything. For rates, tickets etc., apply to agents Chicago & North Western R'y. a20-m11.

Homeseekers Tickets

One Fare Plus $2.00 via

Northern Pacific Railway

MONTANA WASHINGTON IDAHO OREGON

On Sale at all Railroad Ticket Offices

First and Third Tuesdays

IN

FEBRUARY, MARCH, APRIL, MAY AND JUNE

G. W. MCGASKEY, D. P. A., 4TH AND BROADWAY STS., ST. PAUL, MINN.

A. M. CLELAND, GEN. PAS. AGT. ST. PAUL, MINN

CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

Town of Gogebic, Plaintiff,
vs.
Woodruff & McGuire Lumber Company, Defendant.

The State of Wisconsin, to the said defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint. This summons is issued for the collection of a tax.

SAM MILLER,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

P. O. Address, Rhinelander, Oneida County, Wis. m18-a27.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.
March, 15th, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before clerk of circuit court at Rhinelander, Wis., on May 5th, 1905, viz: Francis M. Dawson of Rhinelander, Wis., who made H. E. No. 9468, for the SE¼ SW¼ SW¼ SE¼ Sec. 13, Tp. 37, N. R. 8 East.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Herman Fethe, William Trabant, Henry Walker, Joseph Lagoe, all of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

m22-m4. JOHN W. MILLER, Register.

Stevens Lumber Co. have horses to sell cheap. tf.

—THE—

Palace of Sweets

GEO. NAGLE, Proprietor.

Confectionery, Fruits, Ice Cream & Ice Cream Soda

ALL FLAVORS

Most Popular Place in the City for Cool Drinks.

PHONE 62-1 26 BROWN ST.

Are You "Correct" or "Careless"?

It's just as easy to write a correct note as a careless one.

Eaton-Hurlbut

Writing Papers

the "papers that appeal," will let you into all those small points of paper perfection that make correspondence a polite art. Come in and pass approval on the two latest styles in Fabric Finish—Twotone and Highland Linen.

C. D. BRONSON

Stationer

Keep your bowels regular by the use of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. There is nothing better. For sale by

Anderle & Hinman.

THE CITY IN BRIEF

The famous Crawford can be had at H. ZANDER'S.

Bargains in boy's shoes and caps, Easter clothing at the Lewis sale.

Miss Mollie Burns of Spafford & Cole's, has been off duty this week, owing to illness.

Miss Beulah Weisner of Minneapolis, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Weisner.

For an up-to-date hat go to H. Zander's. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

The Baptist ladies will hold a tea cent social at the home of D. B. Stevens, Friday afternoon April 21.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Anderle are now nicely located in their rooms above Anderle & Hinman's pharmacy.

Douglass and Crosset dress shoes and Jefferson drivers always on tap at GARY & DANIELSON'S.

A large number of ladies attended a sewing bee given Tuesday afternoon at Mrs. D. Kirk's residence.

Pat Keenan, who is engaged in business at Cavour, is spending the week with his father, James Keenan in this city.

Charles Davis, who attends business college in Oshkosh, arrived in the city Tuesday to spend a few days with relatives.

Steve Gesby of Minocqua is serving a thirty days' sentence in the county jail for theft. He was brought here Saturday night.

The Feast of the Passover commenced last evening and will be observed by the Jewish people during the coming week.

Martin Wogsland, the Thayer St. restaurant man, has purchased Chas. Sunde's residence on the north side, to be occupied by himself and family.

Thos. McCormick, head sawyer in the Yawkey mill at Hazelhurst, is spending the week with his family while the mill is undergoing repairs.

Mr. and Mrs. Theo Bruette of Hazelhurst, former residents of the city, were here Tuesday. Mr. Bruette is yard foreman for the Yawkey Lbr. Co.

Miss Edith Hinton, stenographer for the Mason-Donaldson Lumber Co., was called to her home in Wausau this week by the serious illness of a brother.

The store owned by John Kelly at Watersmeet, Mich., was destroyed by fire recently, entailing a loss of $500. Mr. Kelley's friends here sympathize with him in his misfortune.

Mr. H. S. Hayner, expert piano tuner and repairer from Chicago, will be in town on or about the 26th of April. Please leave orders at Squiers the jeweler. Over thirty years experience. tf.

Dr. and Mrs. F. L. Hinman returned Monday from Hot Springs, Ark., where they spent the winter. Evidently the sojourn there proved very beneficial to the doctor, as he appears in the best of health and says that he feels the part.

Mrs. Charles Rautz of Ladysmith arrived here Monday evening, having been called by the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Lucy Demars. Within the next two weeks, providing the lady's condition permits, Mrs. Demars will go to Ladysmith to reside.

Try the "Little Jap" and "Gee Whiz" suspenders at GARY & DANIELSON'S.

Miss Alma Olson is serving as sales-lady at Spafford & Cole's.

A dancing party was given by the Willson orchestra at Gilligan's hall Thursday evening.

You will save one-third on your suit, hat, shoes and furnishing goods at the Lewis sale.

Orders taken for all kinds of wood, dry or green. tf. ROBBINS LUMBER CO.

A baby boy has been born to Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Lytle, formerly of this city, at their home in Norway, Mich.

E. S. Shepard informs us he has received the new maps showing Minocqua and Woodruff as in Oneida county.

The Inner-Seal Squadron of the National Biscuit Company, consisting of fifteen men, left Thursday morning for Merrill.

At the National Biscuit Company's reception given at the Armory last week, twelve hundred and thirty-five people attended.

A dancing party is to be given at Eagle River next Friday evening for which Willson's orchestra of this city will furnish the music.

Mrs. A. Sufficool and daughter, Miss Bessie were called to Eagle River, Thursday by the death of Rev. Sufficool's infant daughter.

Isaac Thomas, prescription clerk at J. J. Reardon's drug store, left Monday morning for a week's visit at his home in Sheboygan Falls.

Miss Mae McDonald spent Saturday and Sunday in Chicago. She was accompanied by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Angus McDonald of Hurley.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Thompson of Three Lakes were visitors in Rhinelander Friday. Mr. Thompson has charge of the Johnson-Hinman Interests there.

Three inmates of the Vilas county jail at Eagle River escaped last Thursday morning by sawing through the bars of their cells. They are still at liberty.

James Roach of Fond du Lac arrived in the city Friday to look over lands in this county with a view of purchasing. He intends to farm and will bring his family here.

A social dance was given by the local F. B. A. lodge in their hall on Stevens street, Friday evening. Brusoe's orchestra furnished music and a thorough good time was enjoyed by all.

The appearance of the Racket store on Brown street has been improved greatly by the insertion of a large plate glass window front. Mr. Kirk figures on making several other improvements about the place.

We are in receipt of a post card from O. A. Hilgermann mailed at Stuttgart, Germany, the 4th inst. Mr. Hilgermann appears to be having a good time, and sends regards to all his many friends on this side of the Atlantic.

The newest and best line of gent's furnishings at H. ZANDER'S.

Owing to poor health, C. H. Hartley, superintendent of the Ashland division of the Chicago & Northwestern railway, has been compelled to relinquish his duties temporarily, and will take a rest of several months. E. P. Quigley of the Northern Iowa division will act as superintendent during Mr. Hartley's absence.

FOR RENT:—Three furnished rooms pleasant location. Call up telephone 179. n20 27.

A teachers' examination will be held in this city April 26 and 27.

Supt. Phillips of the Lac du Flambeau Indian school, was in the city Monday.

The open season for trout in Wisconsin commenced Saturday last and continues until Sept. 1st.

LOST:—Locket from watch chain has initials on outside. n20-27. JOHN POHNL.

John Hilber left Monday morning for Antigo where he has taken a position as stenographer and bookkeeper.

Mrs. T. Treesa, who was badly burned at her home in Robbins, three weeks ago, is improving rapidly.

The S. H. and F. A. lodge will entertain their friends at a social in their hall on the north side next Saturday evening.

Mrs. E. Robert returned Monday to her home in Fond du Lac after an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. Relk on Keenan street.

C. B. Pride, the contractor who built the paper mill in this city, was in Rhinelander Saturday. Mr. Pride is now located at Tomahawk.

The Lewis sale is still on, the best opportunities are offered the public in saving one-third on clothing for men and boys' shoes, hats, caps and furnishings.

Dr. A. E. Rector of the firm of Doctors Morse & Rector, nose and throat specialists of Appleton, Wis., will be at the Rapids House parlors April 25th. Hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Sam Conro left Tuesday morning for a trip to Waupaca, Oshkosh and Milwaukee. Immediately upon his return here, he will start for Alaska to spend the summer working his gold claim.

The fire department was called out Tuesday afternoon to the vicinity of St. Mary's hospital, where a lively brush fire was in progress. The flames were subdued before any damage was done.

Albert Revoyer plead guilty before Judge Billings, Friday to being the keeper of a house of ill fame, and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. He was taken to Waupun by Sheriff Stevens Saturday.

John Cook and James Comford, charged with highway robbery, were brought here from Minocqua Saturday. They are confined in the county jail awaiting a hearing at Minocqua, set for April 25th.

A. Kincaid and wife left this morning for Hillsboro, Ore., near Portland, where they will take up their future home. Mr. and Mrs. Kincaid are numbered among Rhinelander's oldest residents and their departure is regretted.

Mrs. Laffrienere of Lac du Flambeau was a guest this week at the home of D. H. Vaughan. Her son Adlore, a young man who attends school near Chicago, had been ill for several weeks at St. Mary's hospital. He was discharged from the institution Saturday.

S. H. Ashton, J. J. Reardon and E. J. Yapp, three well known local fishermen, were among the first to take advantage of the trout season and spent Saturday casting for the "speckled beauties" at Deerbrook. The weather proved unfavorable for good fishing, however, and the trio returned Sunday with rather empty appearing baskets.

Stein-Bloch suits, the most modern of all ready made clothing sold only by GARY & DANIELSON.

A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

PERSONAL MENTION

—Joe. Jogerst of Wausau was in the city Friday.

—Mrs. O. Krantz is visiting her parents in Unity.

—E. Schellenger spent Saturday in Gladstone, Mich.

—R. Oshinsky was in St. Paul on business Monday.

—M. Wheeler spent Thursday on business in Antigo.

—Felix Dolan looked after interests in Bundy this week.

—Sheriff W. T. Stevens was in Madison last week.

—John Warren was up from Monroe on business Friday.

—Mrs. Ed. Briggs is visiting with relatives in Weyauwega.

—F. A. Lambert spent last week visiting relatives in Neenah.

—Thomas Hickey left Saturday for a two weeks visit in Oshkosh.

—A. G. Stephenson of Merrill had business in Rhinelander Friday.

—W. H. Lord of Wausau was the guest of Paul Browne this week.

—H. S. Hansen was down from Minocqua on business Saturday.

—Mrs. T. McPharland left Thursday morning for a visit in Neenah.

—Mrs. A. D. Daniels left Tuesday morning for a visit in New London.

—Jake Segerstrom returned Friday morning from Chicago and St. Louis.

—Miss Olga Carlson left Saturday morning for a visit with Merrill relatives.

—Miss Sadie O'Leary goes to Wausau this week for a short visit at her home.

—Mark Shafer is here from Sault Ste. Marie this week visiting among friends.

—Milan Sutliff visited relatives and friends in Tomahawk one day last week.

—Ed. Kupe returned Saturday from Chicago where he spent two weeks.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Yourell returned Saturday morning from Menominee.

—Mrs. E. E. Greene of Antigo spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. James Murphy.

—Under-Sheriff D. T. Matteson made a business trip to Pelican Lake Monday.

Miss Harriett Walsh went to Stella yesterday to visit her sister, Mrs. Archie McIsaac.

—Miss Alvina Puhonz of Clintonville, visited Miss Hulda Broulette part of last week.

—Rev. C. J. Dillon of Minocqua was the guest of Rev. P. Schmitz in the city Thursday.

—John Gilligan and Charles Conro left Friday afternoon on a trip to Ashland and Duluth.

—Mrs. Kate Packard of Stevens Point is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Doyle.

—Henry Atkins left Friday morning for Wausau where he will be employed in the paper mill.

—Crosby Grant, a Stevens Point man, who has many friends in Rhinelander, was here Friday.

—Mrs. Campbell of Lac du Flambeau spent Friday here with her mother Mrs. P. Taggart.

—Peter Smith, who is now located at Wausau, visited at his home here from Friday until Sunday.

—Mrs. Ed. Wall of Robbins was an over Sunday guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Baker.

—Mrs. Hulda Broulette departed for Seattle, Wash., Tuesday to make an extended visit at her brothers'.

—George Lambert went to Wausau Tuesday morning where he has secured employment for the summer.

—Ed. Stone of Portage has been a guest this week at the home of his brother, George Stone on the south side.

—Francis Ulrich left Friday morning for a visit with relatives in Oshkosh and other points in Winnebago county.

—Dr. and Mrs. Thorpe of Aniwa spent this week in Rhinelander, guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Converse.

—Dr. J. T. Elliot returned from Seaforth, Ontario, last Friday and reports his mother's condition as much improved.

—Joe. Sickinger, the horse dealer, left Friday morning for points in the southern part of the state to be gone several weeks purchasing horses.

—F. E. Parker is in Ashland today to attend a meeting of the Tri-State Fair and Race Circuit for the final completion of the program of races.

—William O'Brien, who is employed in Brown Bros. Lbr. Co.'s office, spent a few days of the week in Milwaukee on business for the company.

—C. M. Fenelon, one of Waupaca county's oldest and best known citizens, arrived in the city Monday to make a visit with relatives and many friends.

—Chas. Kampke, shipping clerk for the Ross Lbr. Co. of Arbor Vitae and Fred Stiles, the planing mill manager spent Saturday in town, the former, on his first trip to the town and was much surprised to find it so modernized.

CRUSOE'S DEPT. STORE

We are demonstrating the continued leadership of this store everyday. The crowds that throng our departments have fully convinced us that we have more firmly established the Center of Merchandising Activity, where quality and style predominate and prices are far below the minimum.

DRESS GOODS SECTION

Green, tan and Blue Panama, 42 inches wide, per yard $1.00

Mohairs, full 36 inches wide 50c

Voiles, tan, drab, brown and red 36 inches wide for 75c

SILK WAIST FABRICS

All the newest and most popular colors of the season ..... 59c a yard

EASTER RIBBONS IN PROFUSION

Plain and Fancy Colors, All Widths

10c, 15c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 39c, 50c and 65c

HOSIERY SECTION

Fancy Lace Hose in black and tan, fine quality lisle for ..... 25c and 50c

Fancy Hose in pink and white for 15c

OVER LACES

In strikingly pretty patterns in white and cream for

25c 35c 75c

per yard

BELTS

Fancy satin and silk belts in black and tan with fine tucks for 50c

Buster Brown Belts for the children in black, red and white patent leather 25c

Spring Sunshine And Easter Styles of Dress

Go Hand in Hand. We furnish the styles in dress the other fellow the sunshine.

Newest in Child's Youths' Boys and Men's Suits for Easter Occasion.

New Ties, Made up to order

New Suspenders, direct from the Manufacturer

New Gloves, Collars, Hats

A Nobby line of Men's Fancy Underwear—Two Piece and Combination Suits.

COME IN AND SEE OUR LINE

- GARY & DANIELSON -

—M. B. Oshinsky is in Niagara this week on business.

—Mrs. Anna Kitz of Milwaukee is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Adolph Levitt.

—Mrs. F. E. Parker arrived home from the west Tuesday morning where she has spent the winter with relatives.

—Mrs. Carnes and children, who have been visiting at the P. Plunkett residence have returned to their home in Crandon.

—Dan Moriarity, whose health of late has been quite poor, leaves for Mt. Clemens, Mich., shortly with the hope that a sojourn there may prove beneficial.

—Miss Fannie Walsh, who teaches at Carter, and Miss Kate Walsh, teacher at Armstrong Creek are spending the week at their home on the south side.

E. H. Washburn, "the man at the throttle" on Brown Bros. railroad at State Line, called on friends in the city Tuesday, enroute to Winneconne for a month's vacation.

—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wubker of the town of Newbold were in the city Thursday enroute home from a trip to Milwaukee where they visited their old friends, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Butler.

BREAKS HIS LEG.

Arthur Harper of Tomahawk Lake was brought to the city Saturday night, his right leg broken, as the result of a playful scrimmage with a companion that afternoon. The injured member was set by Dr. Stone.

Very Low Rates to Denver, Colo.,

Via the North-Western Line, will be sold at reduced rates May 7, 8 and 9, limited to return May 12 to May 21, inclusive, on account of American Stock Growers' Convention. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

ROBBINS LUMBER CO.

Retail Lumber

Moulding Shingles

HOUSE BILLS A SPECIALTY.

Call No. 4 for Prices Prompt Delivery.

Bargains For Easter Shoppers

The last week before Easter will be a value giving one in Easter Apparel. It is safe to say that this store presents the most comprehensive representation of the seasons styles that has ever been shown here or elsewhere at any time. Our preparations for Easter have been extensive. Our efforts have been especially bent to secure an epitome of the world's best; to secure individual styles and exclusive lines in

Petticoats, Gloves, Neckwear, Hosiery and Shoes

in quantities sufficiently large to supply the enormous Easter demands tributary to this store.

SHIRT WAIST SUITS

Rare price makings have been placed one our line of Shirt Waist Suits which should effect on immediate sale.

Mohair Shirt Waist Suits, up from $7.00

Silks in blue, black and brown, up from $10.00

EASTER NECKWEAR

A Brilliant collection of effective novelties, 200 different styles in Linen, Pique, and Silk

12, 20, 25, 35, 50, 75, $1.50

HANDKERCHIEFS

100 dozen Ladies' Plain White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs. We have been selling them for 10c, but you can have all you want before Easter for only 5c

BOYS' PANTS

If you are looking for a pair of Pants for your boy, we have them; We have the most complete stock in the city, ranging in price from 38c to $1.00

EASTER BELTS

Rare values in Easter Belts, Hand Bags and Back Combs—the most complete line that we ever have shown and prices more reasonable than ever.

Belts 15, 25, 50, 75, 1.00 Belts 25, 35, 50, 1.00, 1.50

Bags 25, 50, 75, 1.00, 1.25, 2.00, 3.50, 5.00

American Beauty & Henderson Corsets

SOLBERG & KOLDEN

Calumet Baking Powder

The Standard of Perfect Baking.

Agents Wanted.

Agents wanted to represent a corporation helping to promote a Lead and Zinc Mining Company now in operation in Wisconsin. One of the best propositions on the market. No prospect. Stock will give a handsome income to investors. Agents will be paid liberally. Salary and expenses guaranteed. Only reliable representatives need apply. We want a representative in your town, of standing, to whom a contract will be given with a guarantee. Best of references in your own town. Address, THE DAVISON PROMOTING CO., tf. Milwaukee, Wis.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the Best and Most Popular.

"Mothers buy it for croupy children, railroad men buy it for severe coughs and elderly people buy it for la grippe," say Moore Bros., Elton, Iowa. "We sell more of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy than any other kind. It seems to have taken the lead over several other good brands." There is no question but this medicine is the best that can be procured for coughs and colds, whether it be a child or an adult that is afflicted. It always cures and cures quickly. Sold by Anderle & Hinman.

Bilious?

Dizzy? Headache? Pain back of your eyes? It's your liver! Use Ayer's Pills.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

Buckingham's Dye

50 cts. of druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua N. H.

NEW NORTH.

Park & Co., Publishers.

RHINELANDER. - WISCONSIN

SUMMARY OF A WEEK'S EVENTS

MOST IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS AT HOME AND ABROAD IN CONDENSED FORM.

THE WAR IN THE FAR EAST

Progress of Hostilities Between Russia and Japan—Doings at Washington—Items of Interest from All Over the World.

RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

London naval experts are of the belief that the great naval fight in far eastern waters will not take place until early in May, and then will be fought before Vladivostok, where Togo can consolidate his vessels.

The Japanese have closed the port of Kelung to foreign ships until further notice. Kelung is a port on the north end of the Island of Formosa. It is believed at Washington that the action of the Japanese government in closing Kelung indicates that this port will be used by Admiral Togo as a base for his fleet.

Gen. Linevitch concentrated Russians on the Kirin road, and another big land fight is expected soon.

Japan learns that Russia is preparing Vladivostok for a siege, manning the fortress with 100,000 troops.

MISCELLANEOUS.

United States Senator J. R. Burton, of Kansas, was reindicted by the federal grand jury in St. Louis on the charge of accepting fees to the amount of $2,500 from the Rialto Grain & Securities company of St. Louis, in whose behalf, it is alleged, he acted as attorney before the post office department in Washington.

The body of John Paul Jones was discovered in a cemetery in Paris, and the remains have been identified by the highest French medical experts as unquestionably that of the famous American admiral who founded the American navy.

The playing season of the two leading baseball organizations—the National league and the American league—has opened. The weather at most points was chilly and somewhat disagreeable, but the attendance at all the games is reported as heavy.

The next annual session of the Farmers' National Congress will be held in Richmond, Va., September 12-22.

Two more bodies were taken out of the Leiter mine at Zeigler, Ill., making the total number of bodies recovered 52. There are known to be three more bodies in the mine, making the total number killed by the explosion 55.

The Massachusetts senate rejected by a vote of 11 to 12 the bill to authorize the submission to voters at the various elections of all questions of public policy.

Failures during the week ending April 14 numbered 214 in the United States against 225 last year, and 29 in Canada compared with 16 a year ago.

Earl McKinstry, 20 years of age, and Fred Harrison, 19, of Fisher's Station, were killed a mile south of Noblesville, Ind., Friday by a northbound Pennsylvania passenger train.

The paper mill of the West Ware Paper company at West Ware, Mass., burned Friday. The loss is estimated at $75,600.

The extensive porcelain industry at Limoges, France, is threatened with serious interruption. The leading factories, including the Haviland works, have decided to shut down, owing to the demands of the workers. About 20,000 workmen are idle.

Alexander and Wesley Miller, brothers, aged 55 and 60 years, were instantly killed at Cincinnati by a Big Four passenger train which crashed into their wagon at a crossing.

Mrs. Susan B. Anthony declared that divorce is a refuge for women, but her plea did not prevent the National Women's Council in Washington from adopting condemnatory resolutions.

James H. Hyde returned to the Equitable $125,000, his action being the first restitution from the big profits made by officers of the society from underwriting deals.

An indictment for conspiracy against Nan Paterson was quashed at New York on motion of District Attorney Rand.

A contract has been let for the construction of a new island to be part of the Ellis Island immigrant station at New York.

C. E. Torrington, of Chicago, one of the survivors of the massacre by Yaqui Indians in Mexico June 19 last, says claims aggregating $150,000 will be made against the Mexican government.

Fresh earthquake shocks caused a great loss of life in Sultanpur, India.

The British bench and bar gave Ambassador Choate a farewell dinner in London. Lord Halsbury praised him as the greatest apostle of the modern school of diplomacy.

The Wisconsin assembly has passed Gov. La Follette's railroad rate bill, creating an appointive commission with certain special powers.

A resolution will be offered in the Tennessee senate asking the consent of congress to create a new state of east Tennessee.

Father Leopold Van Gorp, of St. Ignatius mission in the Bitter Root valley of Montana, is dead. Father Van Gorp was a pioneer of the northwest and one of the most widely known Catholic workers who have given their lives to the Christian education of the Indians and the uplifting of white.

The supreme court of the United States holds that portion of the Alaska code providing for a jury of six men to be unconstitutional. The opinion was by Justice White, and was based on the ground that Alaska is a part of the territory of the United States in the full sense of the word.

The Baptist Missionary society in Boston has accepted the original $100,000 Rockefeller gift, and also another of an equal amount.

Federal authorities seized six trunks in a safety vault at Chicago which are believed to contain private papers of packers.

Russian autocracy notified workmen it is preparing to grant their demands.

Fearing bloody riots during Easter, many persons fled from Warsaw.

Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, in Cleveland, pleaded not guilty to the new indictment recently returned charging her with aiding and abetting Cashier A. R. Spear of the Oberlin bank in making false entries in the bank's books and untrue statements to the comptroller of the currency.

Carrie Nation, Myra McHenry and Mrs. Lucy Wilhoit were found guilty in Wichita, Kan., of destroying property, and were given heavy sentences, punishment being suspended pending good behavior.

Lawyer Charles M. Reed, who pleaded guilty at Boston to embezzling from estates of which he was trustee, was sentenced to state prison for from six to eight years.

Weekly trade reviews report improved conditions due to the good crop outlook, the opening of lake navigation and the increased use of money.

A crisis in the Russian revolt is expected on May day, and the people are much alarmed. Large quantities of bombs and arms have been smuggled in and bloodshed on a large scale is expected.

A fund of $1,000,000 was bequeathed by Benjamin F. Ferguson to the Chicago Art institute, the income of which is to be devoted to municipal art in Chicago.

A slight earthquake was felt in and near Keokuk, Ia. Buildings were shaken, but no serious damage was done.

The R. B. Grover company and its agents were declared to be blameless for the explosion which destroyed its shoe factory at Brockton, Mass., on March 20, and caused the death of 57 persons, by the finding of Judge Fred M. Bixby.

Claude Whistler was bound over to the grand jury at Bloomfield, Ia., on a charge of manslaughter for the murder of Frank Ogden, his wife's former sweetheart.

Admiral Schwartz, who assisted on board the frigate Niagara in laying the first Atlantic cable in 1857, is dead in St. Petersburg.

Dr. Edward Anderson Alderman was installed president of the University of Virginia at Charlottesville, Va.

Gov. Robert M. La Follette, of Wisconsin, signed the anti-cigarette bill. The measure prohibits the sale or manufacture of cigarettes or cigarette tobacco or paper, or the giving away of cigarette papers. The bill goes into effect on July 1.

Six unknown robbers robbed the private bank of Oscar Gandy & Co., at Cherubusco, Ind., of $8,540. Mrs. Gandy, wife of the banker, was shot in the neck by one of the two guards stationed outside while the safe was being blown open with nitroglycerin. She will recover.

James Lewis (colored) was stoned to death by John Morton (also colored), in a fight at Lexington, Ky.

Mrs. S. W. Vidler, the wife of a newspaper man, shot and killed Mrs. H. G. Douglass, of Colorado Springs, in the National hotel in Cripple Creek, Col.

Seven hundred democrats attended the Jefferson day banquet of the Democratic club of New York at the Waldorf-Astoria. Alton B. Parker was the principal speaker.

The Wisconsin senate concurred in the anti-firecracker bill, which was previously passed by the assembly. The bill prohibits any dynamite crackers in this state, and any other crackers except those not larger than five inches in length and five-eighths inch in diameter.

William Conway, aged 65 years, choked to death on a piece of ham taken from a free lunch in a saloon at Janesville, Wis.

The National Council of Women, in session in Washington, elected Mrs. Mary Wood Swift, of San Francisco, president.

The Virginia Park summer hotel, four miles from Holland, Mich., owned by Peter McCarthy, of Chicago, burned to the ground Thursday. Loss, $40,000.

The gold standard will go into effect in Mexico without postponement May 1.

President Roosevelt has ended his hunt in Oklahoma and started for Colorado.

The beef grand jury in Chicago indicted four employes of Schwartzschild & Sulzberger company on the charge of obstructing service of a subpoena.

Commissioner Garfield is investigating the raising of freight rates on oil in Kansas simultaneously with the completion of the Standard's pipe line.

Nan Patterson appeared in a New York court in connection with the charge of conspiracy between herself and J. Morgan Smith and his wife to extort money from "Caesar" Young.

Before she could make an outcry Mrs. George Lucke, formerly of Clinton, Ia., was forced to see her husband drink a fatal potion of carbolic acid at Minneapolis, Minn.

The president will use the Panama route to compete with the transcontinental lines, the rates to be greatly cut.

Plans are reported completed for a merger of the Union Pacific, New York Central and Northwestern railroads.

The czar appointed a special commission to devise means of giving Russian farmers more land.

Germany wants to act with the United States in settling the Moroccu trouble.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman promises Ireland practically home rule if the liberal party regains power in Great Britain.

Elias Goon, 65 years of age, a retired farmer, worth $50,000, committed suicide at Vinton, Ia., by hanging himself in his barn. Melancholia is thought to be the cause of the act.

About 400 indictments charging the Standard Oil company with failure to take out peddlers' license, as required by the Kentucky statutes, have been returned by the Franklin county grand jury.

Gov. Deneen, of Illinois, has ordered James Taylor, state mine inspector, to make a full and complete investigation of the causes of the explosion at Zeigler on April 3, by which 50 lives were lost.

Maj. William G. Jewell, one of the most widely known G. A. R. men of Ohio, was instantly killed by a train while riding in an automobile.

The Tennessee senate has passed a bill defining and prohibiting trusts, combines and conspiracies for the restriction of trade, and fixing penalties for violations.

The state bank at Boelus, Neb., was blown open and robbed. The town was awakened by the explosion, but before the thieves could be captured they obtained a hand car and with the booty, estimated all the way from $2,000 to $4,000, escaped.

All negotiations for a settlement of the Chicago teamsters' strike have been declared off after a failure of employers and labor men to come to an agreement. The employers refused to grant arbitration of the garment workers' strike, while the union leaders declared that any arbitration plan must include the garment workers.

Henry C. Frick, acting for an investigating committee of the directors of the Equitable Assurance society, has called on President Alexander for full details of the society's doings.

Joseph Chamberlain comes out for a stronger and a permanent Anglo-Japanese alliance.

St. Petersburg thinks President Roosevelt has offered the czar his aid in making peace with Japan, because of Ambassador Meyer's reception at Tsarskoe Selo.

Gen. J. F. Grant, grand secretary of the sovereign grand lodge of odd fellows in the United States, died at Baltimore, where he was operated on about four weeks ago for a serious internal affection.

Miss Howard Weeden, the southern poet and artist, is dead at Huntsville, Ala.

The king and queen of England arrived at Palma, Island of Majorca, on the royal yacht Victoria and Albert and were enthusiastically welcomed by a large assemblage.

As a result of the breaking of a steel cable in a power block in Cleveland, O., an elevator was hurled to the bottom of the shaft, killing one man and fatally injuring another.

Arthur Lutchford, secretary and treasurer of the Mechanics savings bank of Rochester, N. Y., committed suicide at his home by shooting.

Judge W. N. Allison, once prominent in politics in Ohio, was run over and killed by a switching engine at Snyder, Okla., while attempting to cross the track. He was 65 years of age.

One person is dead, one fatally injured and five seriously as the result of a fire in a saloon and boarding house at Grand Rapids, Mich.

The demand of Russian Rear Admiral Prince Ouktomsky for a court-martial has been granted. Ouktomsky was blamed for the Russian defeat in the sea battle off Port Arthur last August.

A lawyers' congress has started to overthrow the autocracy in Russia through a national league of educated classes. A parliament is demanded.

Russian peasants seized more land and Cossacks were sent to crush them.

Because his dinner was not ready when he returned from business, John Eirand, a Hungarian shopkeeper of New York, shot and probably fatally wounded his wife, and then sent three bullets into his own body. He also will die.

The French senate has voted $24,200,000 to enlarge the navy.

Fuller reports of the damage done by the cyclone in Madagascar early in April show it to have been greater than first reported. Numerous villages were destroyed by floods, over 100 natives were drowned, roads were cut, the railroads were greatly damaged and crops were destroyed.

David Braham, the well-known composer and orchestra leader, is dead at New York, from kidney trouble, after an illness of several months.

The Ohio republican state central committee has decided to hold the state convention at Columbus May 24 and 25. William H. Taft will be temporary chairman.

A hurricane near the island of Tahiti and north of there caused much damage to shipping.

Delegates to the national council of women at Washington say President Roosevelt should look to the women of his own social set for race suicide.

The Illinois house killed the comprehensive state civil service bill and adopted the charitable institution merit measure.

Two bills providing for municipal ownership of gas and electric lighting companies were introduced in the Illinois house.

The post office department excludes from second-class mails after September 1 cut-out pictures and other forms of supplements not essential parts of Sunday newspapers.

Commander Booth-Tucker, of the Salvation Army, says the American immigration laws should be revised to shut out Europe's scum.

President Castro's answer to Minister Bowen's last demands for arbitration is in the nature of a defiance to the United States government.

Bristow finds the South American governments and not the Panama railroad are crippling shipping interests.

Official reports show the recent earthquake killed 13,000 persons in two districts of India.

Fire caused by a dynamite explosion at Lowell, Mich., destroyed 15 store buildings. Loss, $75,000; insurance, $55,000.

James Malloy, a fisherman of Barrytown, N. Y., started across the Hudson river in a rowboat at that place with six Polanders and before reaching the other shore the boat capsized and Malloy and four of the Polanders were drowned.

J. J. C. Howard, representative of the Kentucky legislature from the Seventy-first district, was shot and killed in a saloon near his home in Clay county by Tilford Benge. The men had quarreled.

One of the czar's valets has been arrested while in communication with an unknown individual regarding an attempt on the life of the czar at Takarskoe Selo.

The home of George T. Maull, at Clarksburg, W. Va., was entirely destroyed by fire and four of his children were burned to death. The parents, with a fifth child, had barely time to escape from the burning building.

An explosion of nitroglycerin in a dynamite factory near Torreon, Mexico, resulted in the death of two persons and the serious, if not fatal, injury of three others.

Xavier Pezbilinski, of Appleton, Wis., voluntarily pleaded guilty to murdering his wife by beating her over the head with a stove lid, a saw and a spade because she would not let him go out of the house. He was sentenced to life imprisonment.

A destructive storm swept over southern and southeastern Ohio and a portion of Indiana, causing one fatility and considerable damage to property.

Both sides in the controversy between Montgomery Ward & Co. and the teamsters at Chicago say the battle will be fought to a finish. Other employers side with the mail order firm.

TOO BUSY TO BE BOTHERED.

CONGRESS OF RAILWAY MEN

INTERNATIONAL GATHERING TO BE HELD IN WASHINGTON.

SESSIONS TO BEGIN MAY 4

Interesting Questions to Be Discussed by Owners and Operators of 400,000 Miles of Railway in Forty-Four Countries.

Washington, April 17.—Nearly 1,000 delegates, the owners and operating officials of upwards of 400,000 miles of railway in 44 different countries, constitute the personnel of the International Railway congress which is to hold a ten-days' session in this city beginning May 4 next. At the close of the congress the delegates are to make a thorough inspection of the railways of the United States, particularly with reference to equipment and shops. The congress is somewhat unique in its organization purposes and manner of conducting its affairs. It was organized in 1885, and has held sessions every five years since. Its first session, held in Brussels, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of the opening of the Belgian railways. Milan, Paris, St. Petersburg and London have been meeting places since, Paris having had two sessions. At the session in that city in 1900, the invitation of President McKinley to hold the next meeting in Washington was accepted. Congress at its last session enacted appropriate legislation committing this government to participation in the congress.

Fairbanks to Open Congress.

In the absence of President Roosevelt, Vice President Fairbanks will accept the post of honorary president and open the congress with an address of welcome, afterwards extending the courtesies of the nation to the delegates at the white house. The preliminary formalities over, the congress will resolve itself into five sections and proceed to its discussions in French and in secret. All of the papers to be presented have been under consideration for some years, all have been printed, and the delegates are thoroughly familiar with their contents. All of the topics to be considered are technical and necessarily devoid of popular interest.

The honorary presidents, representing the railways of this country, will be Messrs. A. J. Cassatt and E. H. Harriman, while the actual president will be Stuyvesant Fish of the Illinois Central railroad. The lines these three gentlemen represent touch one another and form a continuous line of rail from the Atlantic to the Pacific, passing through the heart of the continent and extending from the great lakes to the gulf. The largest attendance of American railway officials at any of these sessions was at London in 1895, when out of about 800 delegates 49 were Americans.

Scope of the Work.

Part of the important work accomplished at these meetings is the inspection of workshops, equipment and construction in each country visited, with the result of stimulating inquiry into improved methods and giving the whole world the benefit of the work of the brightest minds everywhere engaged in solving problems which present different phases in different countries but which have features of common interest to all alike. An extensive exhibit of railway supplies will be made at the time of the congress, and will give an unusual opportunity of examining in detail a great part of American railway appliances. This will be supplemented after adjournment by tours of inspection, on which the foreign delegates will be taken. No such assemblage of representatives of railway interests has ever been brought together in the United States. As the sessions are held only once in five years it is likely to be many years before it will meet again in this country.

Accident on the Iowa.

Washington, April 17. — A telegram from chief of staff of the North Atlantic squadron, received at the navy department Saturday, states that the muzzle of one of the eight-inch guns of the Iowa blew off Friday during target practice. No one was injured.

PRESIDENT KILLS A BEAR

FIRST TROPHY OF HUNTING TRIP IN THE ROCKIES.

After Short Chase He Brings Down a Big Cinnamon on His Way to Camp.

Newcastle, Col., April 17.—President Roosevelt, with customary good luck, bagged his first bear Saturday before he even had come within sight of his new hunting camp. The animal, a 600-pound cinnamon, crossed the trail of the hunting party 15 miles from here, and the dogs took up the chase. After a hard run of a half hour bruin was overtaken. The president, throwing himself from his horse, awaited his opportunity and brought down the game. The animal was skinned by John Goff, the guide, and the party proceeded, reaching the camp at five o'clock.

When the train pulled into Newcastle the president, dressed in his shooting clothes of heavy tan duck, greeted the people from the rear platform. He was cheered wildly. After the speech was made and the little conventionalities had been observed, the president gave personal supervision to his hunting outfit. He unsheathed his knife and felt its keen edge, unlimbered his gun and saw that it was in fine working order, and looked over the horse that had been selected for his ride to the camp. This animal is white, and it is said to be one of the most sure-footed mountain climbers in this part of the country, but is not noted for speed. In fact, all the horses selected for the party are built for hard rather than fast work.

John Goff, Jake Borah and Brick P. Wells, the guides, in picturesque mountain costumes, busied themselves in giving commands for the start. In addition to the president, Dr. Alexander Lambert and P. B. Stewart, of Colorado Springs, ten men rode to the hunting camp. Five more are already at the camp, with everything ready for the comfort of the party. Before starting the president announced confidentially that he was not going into any hand-to-hand encounters with grizzlies nor to strangle any mountain lions with bare hands. He does not expect to bag a record-breaking amount of game, and will feel satisfied if he gets one bear during the whole hunt, and particularly fortunate if he gets two.

Both Badly Wounded.

Mattoon, Ill., April 17.—Thomas Beveridge, 22 years old, nephew of United States Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, on Sunday seriously stabbed James Datewood. The fight followed a quarrel in a saloon. Datewood assaulted Beveridge, who drew a knife and slashed him in the face and side. While attempting to escape arrest Beveridge was shot twice by an officer. Both injured men are in the hospital, but will recover. Warrants have been issued for their arrest.

Crimean War Veteran Dies.

Detroit, Mich., April 17.—William Livsey, who served three terms as state treasurer of Pennsylvania, died here Sunday from apoplexy after six weeks' illness, aged 72 years. He came to Detroit from Pittsburg five years ago to be near his only son. Mr. Livsey was born in England, and was a veteran of the Crimean war, and also served in the union army during the civil war. His remains will be interred at Watertown, Wis.

Three Slain in Pitched Battle.

Poplar Bluff, Mo., April 17.—Word has reached here that three men have been killed in a pitched battle at Ten-Mile Creek, ten miles west of here, resulting from a quarrel over a piece of land. The dead are H. S. Adams, William Hech and Riley Henson. The fight resulted from a quarrel over a strip of land.

Wisconsin May Tax Bachelors.

Madison, Wis., April 17. — The Cleary bill to tax bachelors has been reported favorably to the assembly by the committees. Men who are eligible for matrimony, but dodge it, are to pay the state $10 a year.

Fatal Stabbing Affray.

Lincoln, Ill., April 17.—Charles Easting was stabbed in the neck and killed Sunday afternoon in an altercation with C. R. Shaer, in the village of Latham, the knife blade struck behind the left ear, severing the jugular vein.

Ancient Man Had 13 Ribs.

Baltimore, Md.—The Biblical story of Eve being formed from the rib of Adam was explained by Prof. James Teacle Dennis, of Baltimore.

Nowadays men have 12 ribs. Eight thousand years ago they used to have 13. Prof. Dennis knows this is so, because he has seen old skeletons. He said a party of which he was in charge discovered 175 mummies in Egyptian tombs and that of this number the thirteenth ribbed individuals were so plentiful as to make this anatomical peculiarity a distinctive feature.

"These peculiar skeletons dated back to 6000 B. C.," Prof. Dennis told an audience at Johns Hopkins university, "so men soon after the creation must have had 13 ribs."

He Was a Panther.

"Yes," said the old trapper, "I was hikin' through that bunch of woods one night last year when I was attacked by a painter."

"Is it possible?" exclaimed the tourist. "Why, I thought artists were the most gentle and inoffensive of persons."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

GLORY OR DEATH RUSSIAN MOTTO

ROJESTVENSKY'S FLEET SEEKS BATTLE WITH TOGO.

STEAMS TOWARD FORMOSA

Skirmishing Between Scout Ships and Inauguration of Torpedo Boat Warfare Is Expected Very Soon.

London, April 17.—There is every reason to believe that Admiral Rojestvensky is sailing north to meet Togo, in a decisive engagement, with the firm resolve of winning the struggle or perishing in the attempt. Russian officials, although declaring that they are leaving the battle in the hands of the commander-in-chief of the fleet, believe that he is steaming directly toward the Island of Formosa with the purpose of going into action as soon as Togo will accept the challenge.

No Report of Battle.

London, April 17.—There is as yet no news of a naval battle in the far east or of the whereabouts of the rival fleets. The Hong-Kong correspondent of the Daily Mail sends a rumor of a small engagement, but there is no confirmation of this report. Details regarding the Russian ships in Kamranh bay, Cochin China, are too meager to be instructive. According to the Daily Mail's Singapore correspondent the German Lloyd steamer Prinz Heinrich saw five battleships and six cruisers in the bay, but the dispatches to other of the London morning newspapers are not so precise.

No News from Rojestvensky.

St. Petersburg, April 17.—There is no information from Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron, but the admiralty would not be surprised to learn of skirmishing between scout ships to-day or to-morrow, and the inauguration of torpedo boat warfare soon is not unexpected. The naval organ here expresses the opinion that Togo was taken completely by surprise when Rojestvensky suddenly appeared at the entrance of the China sea, and is now concentrating his widely scattered fleet near the Pescadores, where it is believed a sea fight will probably occur.

Russian Vessels Sighted.

Singapore, April 17.—The North German Lloyd steamship Prinz Heinrich reports that she sighted 18 vessels of the Russian Baltic squadron in Kamranh bay at noon on Friday last. The steamer did not sight any Japanese warships. Kamranh bay is in Cochin-China, about 200 miles northeast of Saigon.

Heard Firing.

Hongkong, April 17.—The steamer Telemachus reports that she heard firing 150 miles north of the Natuna islands at 2:20 o'clock on the afternoon of April 12.

More Ships for Togo.

Washington, April 17.—Information has reached Washington that the Japanese navy within the last few days has commissioned ten new torpedo boat destroyers, built in Japanese shipyards. It is believed that within six weeks 25 additional destroyers building under "rush" orders will be put in commission. Three hundred and eighty-one mines planted by the Japanese in front of Port Arthur have been taken up and replanted elsewhere.

Probable Scene of Battle.

London, April 17.—News of the naval engagement between the fleets of Rojestvensky and Togo is now expected any moment by those who have been closely following the movements of the Russian fleet, so far as the news leaves would permit. The battleground will be that selected by Togo in Formosan waters. It is now certain that no engagement has been fought in the China sea, and that Rojestvensky has been allowed to sail north without hindrance. His progress, say naval experts, will be checked when Formosan waters are reached. Then he must fight his way to Vladivostok by one of two routes, either through Formosa strait and past the Pescadores islands, where many Japanese warships are reported, or else, passing Smith cape, go to the east of Formosa into the Pacific.

May Have Eluded Enemy.

A telegram from Singapore, Straits Settlements, was received here Saturday announcing that the Peninsular and Oriental Steamship company's steamer Marmora sighted five Russian battleships April 3 in latitude 8 degrees south and longitude 92 degrees east, steering for the Straits of Sunda. The dispatch has no present significance. The fact that the Marmora, which was bound to London from Sydney, New South Wales, sighted the Russian squadron was reported early in the month from Colombo, Ceylon. The news apparently has now reached Singapore through outgoing steamers. The chief interest in the dispatch lies in its giving the exact location of the squadron, indicating that it steered almost due east from Madagascar, it is presumed here with the object of creating the impression that Rojestvensky intended to traverse the Straits of Sunda and draw away the Japanese from the Malacca straits, through which he ultimately passed in safety.

Russians Retreating.

Tokio, April 17.—The following official announcement was made Sunday: "The force advancing north from Singkiang, driving the enemy before them, occupied Yingcheng, 33 miles north of Singkiang, at one o'clock on the afternoon of April 14. A detachment of the same force, cooperating with cavalry, occupied Pachiatzu at six o'clock in the evening of the same day. The enemy's force near Pachiatzu consisted of seven squadrons of cavalry and one battery of artillery. They first retreated toward Yingcheng, then came back to Pachiatzu. Finding it occupied, they were thrown into confusion and they retreated in great disorder over Peling pass, two miles north of Pachiatzu. There is no change elsewhere."

Strength of Jap Army.

Sipinghai, April 17.—Captured Japanese spies place the number of the Japanese army at 400,000, and state that the losses at the battle of Mukden are already being replaced by drafts from home battalions. Lieut. Komayashi, one of the spies, calculates that the Japanese losses at Mukden were over 100,000.

Celebrate Fall of Mukden.

Tokio, April 17.—Thirty thousand employes of the arsenal paraded in celebration of the fall of Mukden. They visited the palace and cheered the emperor and afterwards went to the war and navy departments and cheered the ministers and their staffs.

MICHIGAN BANK FAILS.

Suspension at Owosso of the Second Largest Financial House in the State Causes Surprise.

Owosso, Mich., April 17.—M. L. Stewart & Co., the oldest banking house in this city and the second largest in the state, assigned to the Detroit Trust company for the benefit of its creditors. The bank, which was capitalized at $200,000, has $180,000 deposits and $50,000 bills payable. Against this the only "ready assets" were $61,000 cash on hand and cash in other banks, bills receivable amounted to $452,000. The bank is regarded as being so badly crippled as to be practically beyond hope of resurrection. The wildest excitement prevails, as the assignment was entirely unexpected. The failure of the bank is due to unpaid obligations amounting to $28,000 of the Oposso Carriage company. The only statement given out at the bank with the notice of suspension was that it was closed because the carriage company failed to meet its obligations. The Owosso Carriage company is a large manufacturing institution established six or seven years ago with a capital stock of $100,000. Charles D. Stewart is one of the principal stockholders and vice president. A. M. Bentley is president. It is said that it has never been a paying concern. Ralph Stone, of the Detroit Trust company, said that the liabilities were so much greater than the assets that Mr. Stewart could not possibly resume business.

Prevented a Horror.

Wampum, Pa., April 17.—Volunteers at a fire Sunday, at the risk of their lives, removed a large quantity of dynamite stored in the rear of Stiglitz' store, which was burned. Had it exploded many lives would have been lost. The flames started in Stiglitz & Wechler's pants factory, a wooden building, and was caused, it is believed, by the explosion of a gasoline stove. A strong wind soon spread the flames to Stiglitz' general store, the residence of M. Wechler and some tenement houses, all of which were destroyed. The loss will reach $60,000.

Gift to Five Colleges.

Chicago, April 17.—Dr. Daniel K. Pearsons, whose generosity has enriched scores of fresh-water colleges, celebrated his eighty-fifth birthday Saturday and declared that he will devote the remainder of his years to giving away the balance of his fortune. For years the doctor has marked his birthday by giving a large donation to some educational institution, and he said the annual contribution, amounting to $150,000, would go to the mountain schools of Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia.

Death of General Payne.

Washington, April 17.—Gen. Halbert E. Payne, a lawyer of national reputation, died here, aged 60 years. He was born in Chardon, O., and was conspicuous as a defender of Washington during Gen. Jubal A. Early's raid in 1864. He was a Wisconsin member of the house of representatives from 1865 to 1871. Gen. Payne's work on "Contested Elections" was used as an authority in the Hayes-Tilden controversy. He was a law partner of Carl Schurz in New York for several years.

Fatal Collision.

North Tonawanda, N. Y., April 17.—In a head-on collision between two freight trains on the Erie railroad Sunday Herbert Wrigley, of Buffalo, and W. L. Brown, of West Philadelphia, Pa., were killed. Wrigley was a fireman on one train and Brown, the fireman on the other. The engineers, W. J. Kelley and T. T. Ellis, jumped and thus saved their lives, though Kelley suffered a fracture of his left leg and Ellis injured his right hand.

New Bridge Ready.

St. Louis, April 17.—The new steel bridge constructed by the St. Louis Southern railway over the Mississippi river at Thebes, Ill., will be opened to traffic next Tuesday. The bridge was erected at a cost of $2,500,000 and three years of labor. It is a double-tracked, high-leveled structure, the plan involving what is known as the fixed, through and cantilever spans. There are five spans. The bridge is 231 feet high, 2,897 feet in length.

Bank Defaulter Surrenders.

Lincoln, Neb., April 17.—Charles H. Chamberlain, cashier of the Chamberlain banking house at Tecumseh, Neb., who defaulted a few years ago, and after getting away with about $75,000 became a fugitive, came to Lincoln and sent a telegram to the sheriff at Tecumseh saying he wanted to give himself up. The sheriff came to Lincoln and took Chamberlain back to jail.

Priest Drops Dead.

St. Louis, Mo., April 17.—Rev. Father John Kiely, professor of French in the St. Louis university, dropped dead while visiting a parishioner, who is ill.

Forgets Baby on Train.

Sterling, Ill.—The six-week-old babe of Mrs. E. R. Merryman was carried 200 miles from home before the anxious mother discovered what had become of the child.

Mrs. Merryman and her baby daughter were visiting in a near-by town. On returning home she was met at the train by her sister. She was so anxious to get home that she forgot about her sleeping infant and hurried away, talking about her pleasant visit. After a time she went to the bedroom, where she thought she had placed the child, but it was gone. After collecting her thoughts, she discovered she had forgotten the baby.

Telegrams were sent after the train, and in Iowa the child was found still sleeping. In the care of trainmen it was sent home.

Breaking —

Office Boy—Kin I have a week's vacation?

His Employer—Why, you've only been here two days.

Office Boy—Yes; but after I gits used ter de job, maybe I kin stand it longer.—Puck.

A WOMAN WHO TRIED TO RUN A REPUBLIC

MRS. ELLA R. READER, THE WOMAN IN THE SANTO DOMINGO CASE.

FROM TYPEWRITER TO DIPLOMACY

Interesting Story Revealed by the Senate's Failure to Pass Treaty with President Morales—Agreed to Place Country on Sound Footing in Return for Important Concessions.

Washington.—Imagine a treaty between two republics, one of them your own, negotiated by a woman. Then imagine her after the successful conclusion of the pact, controlling the finances of the other party to the agreement, paying its debts and virtually running the country, and you have the goal for which one of the "gentler sex" was recently striving. One would almost as soon expect to see a woman seated in the president's cabinet as mixing in such international affairs.

Would Finance a Republic.

Nevertheless had the plans of Mrs. Ella Rawls Reader successfully matured she would to-day be financing the republic of San Domingo and attempting to place the country on good terms with its neighbors; but when everything seemed to be progressing favorably her deal was rudely nipped by the failure of the United States senate to ratify the treaty which had been prepared.

It was just before the adjournment of the special session of the senate that Senator Morgan, of Alabama, made public some interesting information regarding the San Dominican treaty and which has served to show that Mrs. Reader, although practically unheard of before, is without doubt one of the most daring promoters of the day. She is a woman with a remarkably interesting history. Her husband is Athole B. Reader, formerly of New Zealand, Morocco and Ceylon, but now a citizen of the United States. He has ably assisted his shrewd wife in her undertakings.

Life of Mrs. Reader.

Mrs. Reader is said to be 30 years old, but she looks younger. Her complexion is a wonder; her figure is girlish. She was born in Marion, Ala., of a family closely acquainted with Senator Morgan and other statesmen.

At 15 she married a man named Phillips, who was a clerk in a candy store in Birmingham, Ala. Their married life was unhappy and they separated, Phillips coming to Chicago, where he committed suicide in a hotel.

Thirteen years ago she went to New York to make a living as a stenographer. Within three years she was the head and sole manager of the largest typewriting establishment in New York, with 40 girls working for her. Her offices were besieged by men who had important work to be done accurately. From an expert operator she became a superintendent of operators. In 1895, according to her story, she was sought by Senator Scott and Congressman Manley, then bossing the McKinley campaign, to take charge of certain private correspondence.

After that, work piled in from Wall street. Several important assignments came to her (she was then Miss Ella Rawls) from the city. For reporting the work of the Venezuelan boundary commission she was endorsed, she says, by the late William L. Strong, J. Kennedy Tod, and others. Everything was prosperous for the young woman who had come from the south with nothing but ambition.

She went to London in 1899 and became connected with the firm of J. G. White & Co. She had not wasted her time in Wall street. The sultan of Jahore came to London. He had up his sleeve the contract for the building of the Jahore railroad, costing $5,000,000. Miss Rawls met the sultan socially. J. G. White & Co. got the railroad contract.

The teppenny tube had been built in London, but was troubled with vibration. There was a call for somebody who could cure this evil. Miss Rawls was associated with the Sprague Multiple Control company. She took a look at the vibrations, and in 1901 the Sprague company got the contract for stopping the shudders.

Her Second Husband.

Miss Rawls was still in the employ of J. G. White & Co. when, in 1901, she met and was won by Mr. Reader. His career had been quite as interesting as her own. He was born in New Zealand, a British subject. He is rather short, very dark, with black eyes and mustache. He could pass as a South American any time. He was private secretary to Sir Charles Ewan Smith, the British minister to Morocco, in 1892. In 1897 he became private secretary to Sir West Ridgeway, governor of Ceylon. Various circumstances caused him to become familiar with affairs in Peru, and while he was still interested he met Miss Rawls in London and married her. Together they have worked since then, and together they now stand. Mr. Reader has the deep mind, Mrs. Reader the quick wit.

They worked out a great scheme of mining improvement in Peru and interested the western copper millionaire, James B. Haggin. According to Mr. Reader, he and his wife were to have 10 per cent. commission for promoting this scheme and, according to the same story, the plans went through beautifully, except that the 10 per cent. was not paid.

The Peru financial arrangement is said to have stopped a threatened revolution in that country.

Dealings with San Domingo.

This is the early history of the Readers and brings them up to the time they began their dealings with San Domingo. Their statements regarding their dealing with President Morales concerning a treaty with this country, and their relations with William Nelson Cromwell, the well-known New York lawyer, who played such a prominent part in the Panama deal, make interesting reading. It is said that they are more than a little suspicious that it was Mr. Cromwell who betrayed their dealings with the distressed republic to the Washington government and caused the bargain they thought they had made to be knocked in the head.

"It was in the fall of 1904," said Mr. Reader, "that one of the secret agents of President Morales, located in the city of New York, was a young man named Perez, a native of San Domingo.

"These secret agents, by the way, who represent Gen. Morales in the United States, principally reside in New York. There are always more than one, and they are called secret agents because, although representing the same government, they are nearly always unknown to each other. The reason of the existence of these secret agents need not be stated here, but they are considered necessary to the safety of every president of Santo Domingo.

"The gentleman in question was a friend of ours. At this time we were engaged in exploiting mining property which we owned in Peru. Mrs. Reader, at that time, had been invited by the president of Peru to act as his agent in this country, and the papers appointing her fiscal agent were being prepared by William Nelson Cromwell.

"She was about to go to Peru with these papers when she was requested by Perez, as he claimed, with the consent of Gen. Morales, to try and have me interest myself in the affairs of Santo Domingo. He stated to me that he had heard of the success of Mrs. Reader in conciliating both sides of a revolutionary outbreak in Peru and practically establishing a government there without a civil war. We could not at that time take up the Santo Domingo suggestions, owing to our Peruvian engagements, but, Perez and Gen. Morales continuing their invitations and stating that they desired us to represent them in this country as intermediaries with the United States, we finally consented to do so.

"Upon the suggestion of Mr. Perez the papers for that purpose were prepared, and at the invitation of Gen. Morales I prepared to proceed with Mr. Perez to Santo Domingo to have the papers executed, acquaint myself with the conditions, and receive his instructions.

Says Cromwell Knew of Deal.

"The papers were submitted by us to Mr. Cromwell for his approval, and it became necessary to explain the conditions to him under which we were led to consider these agreements. All the things which are set out in this statement were made known to Mr. Cromwell and talked over at length with him, and he advised us that he considered it was a favorable enterprise, that these papers would place a great deal of power in our hands and that he had no doubt that the concessions which they were promised by the Dominican government in return for our services would be of great value and could be readily exploited with capital that could easily be procured in this country, and that our official status and our friends in this country would enable us to deal without any difficulty with the heads of the United States government.

"Mr. Cromwell also promised that on my return with these papers properly executed he would take me to Washington and introduce me to Mr. Hay; he explained to me, especially with respect to the desire of the United States to procure the bay of Samana as a coaling station, what authorizations and instructions I should specially see that I got from the Dominican government so as to enable him with full and complete credentials to negotiate with the United States government for the sale of that bay to it.

"With these papers I left New York, accompanied by Mr. Perez, on December 21, 1904. These papers provided for Mrs. Reader to be the fiscal agent of the Dominican government in the United States, and authorized and empowered her to negotiate with the United States government for the sale of the bay of Samana and for all differences between the Dominican government and the United States and other foreign governments, with full power of attorney to represent the Dominican government.

"It was arranged with Mr. Cromwell that, as soon as these papers were signed by President Morales the signatures should be verified by the United States minister at Santo Domingo, and that as Mrs. Reader would then be the authorized fiscal agent of the Dominican government in the United States they should be cabled to her and to the authorities at Washington, and that Mr. Cromwell and Mrs. Reader should then proceed to Washington and commence negotiations while awaiting the arrival of the papers and my return from Santo Domingo. It was understood with Mr. Cromwell that at Mrs. Reader's request Gen. Morales should appoint him her legal adviser as the fiscal agent of the Dominican government and himself be the counsel for the government of that republic.

Morles Willing to Negotiate.

"Mr. Perez and I arrived at Santo Domingo on December 30, 1904, and were met on board of the boat by Gen. Morales, who gave us a hearty welcome. It was not long before I had a private talk with the president, thanked him for his invitation to come to Santo Domingo, sent through Perez, explained the reasons why Mrs. Reader could not accompany me, and told him we were not only assured of an immediate hearing at Washington, but of the strongest financial backing in the United States to deal with the concessions which he proposed to give.

"I was presented to Mr. Prichard, his minister of public works, and to Mr. Sanchez, his minister of foreign affairs. I had an extended conversation on the matter in hand with Mr. Sanchez, and the president invited me to visit him again in a day or two.

"On New Year's eve I attended the ball given at the Union club. President Morales was at the ball, and so was United States Minister Dawson. The next day, Sunday, I spent in preparing with greater perfection of detail the documents. On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday I had interviews with the president at his house, and with his foreign minister at the palace, and we discussed everything. The foreign minister and I were instructed to draw up the necessary papers for signature by the president and his various secretaries of state, and it was arranged also to obtain the signatures of the president and secretary of congress.

"These matters occupied a week, and on January 6 I cabled to Mrs. Reader in New York: 'Expect to obtain everything in about a week.'

Deal Is Called Off.

"On that very day Mr. Perez learned that the president had received a communication from United States Minister Dawson, and had in consequence paid him a visit, but what the nature of the interview was I did not learn. On Monday, January 9, when I called at the place, Mr. Sanchez informed me that they had a communication from Mr. Dawson not to proceed with my negotiations, but to deal direct with Washington.

"I asked him if this was not very sudden and unexpected, and he seemed confused and anxious to avoid giving offense.

"I saw the president and asked him why he had proceeded so far with me, had accepted everything, and had gone so far as to make out the telegram appointing Mrs. Reader as his fiscal agent and representative in Washington, if he had not intended to complete his arrangements.

"President Morales also seemed confused and unable to give a satisfactory answer."

As to the cause of the sudden discontinuance of the negotiations and the rejection of the treaty by the United States senate, several explanations have been given. Mr. Cromwell declares that he is not and has never been interested in any San Dominican affairs.

It is the verdict of a great many of the most prominent newspapers that the Readers would have made an utter failure of their undertaking, but they have never been able to convince the two daring promoters of that. Mr. Reader declares: "We would have put Santo Domingo on a new financial footing. The country would have no more trouble with foreign countries. Its debts would have been attended to and we would have arranged a treaty with the United States."

Climbers in Society.

In New York the dissatisfied man or woman who has achieved the full round of society and discovered its utter vanity, if not indeed worse, may imagine, if not familiar with London or Paris, writes John Brisben Walker, in Cosmopolitan, that in those cities exists a superior class of men and women, more intellectual and less brutal than those of whom he knows. The Chicagoan, unfamiliar with New York, hopes to discover in Manhattan something different from that which is to be found in the western city. The resident of Omaha perhaps thinks that if she could attain Chicago, she would find her social ideal society. In Hastings, Neb., doubtless, there are very many who think it would be a heaven to attain social prominence in Omaha. And out in the prairies are scattered hamlets in which many socially ambitious young girls and mothers look toward Hastings as a social Mecca. It all reminds one of the translation of Osmar's lines: "Till on the stilly top of heaven's stair, clear-eyed I looked—and laughed—and climbed no more."

American Money in England.

Were there no United States, would English society be solvent? asks "Marmaduke," in the London Graphic. That question has never yet been asked or examined. Several millions have been brought into our society during the last 40 years by American heiresses, and an enormous sum has been received in exchange for land, paintings, engravings, old furniture, works of art, jewels, plate and books. Moreover, American capital has been invested in this country mostly through the intervention of titled Englishmen, who, of course, have generally benefited by the transaction. Probably $100,000,000 have come to the West End through these various transactions. Would the West End have been bankrupt had that sum not been procurable?

No Alcohol Soap for Sage.

Maybe Russell Sage was not aware of it, reports a New York exchange, but he made a funny remark the other day. He went into a barber shop and the boss, feeling honored at a visit from such a noted man, opened a new and fine cake of shaving soap. As he prepared to lather the millionaire's face he said: "This is a very fine grade of soap, Mr. Sage, a mixture of cream and cocoa oil, with a dash of alcohol." Quoth the old gentleman: "Alcohol, eh? Well, remember I am a temperance man, so don't put too much of it into my mouth."

RATE BILL PASSES

RAILROAD MEASURE WINS IN WISCONSIN ASSEMBLY.

SENATE MAY PROVE A SNAG

Upper House Minority Members Draft Bill of Their Own—Manner of Selecting Commission Is Contention.

[Special Correspondence.]

Madison, Wis., April 17.—True to all predictions made before the so-called administration rate bill, recently rehashed in committee, was brought to the assembly, the measure has passed the lower branch by a decisive vote. The show of force which accompanied the triumphal entrance of the bill, was lead by Speaker Lenroot, who abandoned his chair to Mr. Leroy in order that he might talk in behalf of the measure. The hardest part of the fight for the administration men was getting the bill to third reading and engrossment and in this stage of the process bitter personalities were indulged in, the debate lasting nearly three hours. The chief subject of contention lay in the commission question. Mr. Page offered an amendment providing that the commission should be elective and its defeat was immediately followed by Mr. Cleary's addition containing the provision that the first member should be appointive and the remaining elective. The amendment was also defeated, and the bill passed as it stood. Coming events cast their shadows before; and if this saying was ever borne out it will be proved true when the rate measure is ushered into the senate, for here it is that the big contest is looked for. The issue in the senate contest will, according to predictions made by leaders in legislative circles, be the manner of selecting a railroad commission. At present administration men have a majority of but one in the upper house and should the front lined up favor of the measure weaken in any spot the outlook is doubtful. At a conference last week the senators in committee agreed upon all provisions, but the manner of selecting the commission, and this contention will be fought out on the floor of the upper house when that body takes the measure under consideration.

Minority Bill Drafted.

While members of the senate railroad committee were endeavoring to bring about some sort of a compromise regarding the rate bill the minority of the senate have drafted a measure of their own embodying the ideas which they believe just.

The bill which has been drafted provides for an elective commission of three members, of which the present railroad commissioner is made a member during his term of office. The other two shall be elected in April, 1906. Up to the time the other two can be elected the present commissioner shall exercise all the powers of the commission conferred by the law.

The bill contains two provisions of the interstate commerce law, the anti pooling feature and the long and short haul clause. These provisions are not contained in the administration measure. The bill authorizes commodity, concentration and other contract rates, applying the same without discrimination, and these rates must be filed with the commission.

To Compel Good Service.

To compel good service it prohibits undue preferences and discriminations and contains a strong provision relating to secret rebates. The bill provides that all freight must be transported on the public tariff rate which must be filed with the commission and any departure from the public tariff subjects the carrier to heavy penalties. The commission is given the power to compel the carriers to furnish an adequate service and this relates to both passenger and freight traffic.

The commission has the power to hear and determine a rate upon complaint and whenever the commission shall have reasonable grounds for the belief that any rate is unreasonable in amount or discriminatory it may upon its own motion investigate the same. This provision in the bill is practically agreed by both sides to the rate bill controversy.

Want Bachelors Taxed.

Wisconsin bachelors are the targets aimed at by the committee on assessment and collection of taxes which has reported favorably for the measure placing a tax from $5 to $10 on unmarried men. The solons who argued on the measure in the committee hearing seemed to derive great pleasure from the novel proceedings and comical arguments bewailing the fate of the bachelor were the order of the day. Several declared it was class legislation and could not stand the test of the courts, but despite the fight against its provisions the committee reported the measure favorably.

Giant Firecracker Barred.

The measure known as the "firecracker bill" prohibiting the use of dynamite crackers in Wisconsin and also the use of crackers more than five inches long by five eighths of an inch in diameter, has passed the senate. The bill some time ago passed the assembly and now goes to the governor for his signature.

Governor Sends a Message.

In answer to the agitation which has been started here regarding the question of the right of the state to grant franchises for dam or steam improvement to exclusively private parties without reservations, Gov. La Follette last week sent a measure to the legislature stating that unless proper restrictions were put upon this sort of legislation executive approval would not be forthcoming. If the recommendations contained in the message are not followed out, the governor, it is declared, will be given an opportunity for liberal use of his vetoing power.

Brewers Fight Measures.

Strangers in Madison are being impressed by the imposing array of fat men who are at present giving the city the appearance of being the scene of a state convention of that order. The Thayer local option bill and the 200-foot limit measure are the cause of it all. Brewers from every section of the state have swooped down on the solons in order that the weight of their influence may be felt and the fight on the bills is heated.

Merton Bill to Governor.

Now that the Merton dance hall bill, prohibiting any girl under 16 years of age attending dances where liquor is sold, unaccompanied by her guardians or parents, has passed both houses, it awaits the signature of the governor, which will undoubtedly be attached soon. Reformers regard the passage of the bill, combined with the success which attended the anti-cigarette measure, as a decisive step toward overhauling the morals of the youthful element of the state.

Anti-Cigarette Bill a Law.

The Evans anti-cigarette bill is now a law and goes into effect July 1. The bill, after being passed by both houses and signed by the officers, was taken to the governor and his signature attached. The bill is regarded as the most drastic measure which the legislature has passed for some years. There is talk of fighting the measure among tobacco dealers, but many take a wise view of the situation and are preparing to follow out its provisions. The measure leaves no loop-hole for escape, a fact which may be seen in its text: "Any person who shall buy himself, his servant, or agent, or as the servant or agent of any other person, directly or indirectly, or upon any pretense, or by any device, manufacture, sell or offer for sale, keep for sale, or bring into the state for the purpose of selling, offering or giving away any cigarettes, cigarette paper or cigarette wrappers, or any substitute therefor, or shall own, keep or be in any way concerned, engaged or employed in, owning or keeping any such cigarettes, cigarette paper, cigarette wrappers or substitute therefor, or who shall authorize or permit the same to be done, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof be punished, for the first offense by a fine of not less than $25 nor more than $50, or by imprisonment in jail not exceeding 20 days, and for the second and each subseqent offense by a fine of not less than $100 nor more than $500, or by imprisonment in jail not less than 30 days nor more than six months."

Host Issues Statement.

Insurance Commissioner Host has issued his annual statment of conditions in Wisconsin. His report shows that during the past year the companies have enjoyed prosperity, having collected over $10,000,000 in this state. Conditions in the 37 old line concerns operating in the state may be seen in the following table:

Gain on death losses	$17,560,719 22
Gain on interest	25,596,619 73
Gain on reserve surrendered	12,591,717 26
	$55,749,056 34
Loss by exceeding expense loading	5,112,214 41
Total surplus gain	$50,216,841 13

The report has been filed with the governor for his consideration.

Other Legislative Doings.

Halford Erickson is looked upon as a possibility for the head of the railroad rate commission, if the pending rate bill passes.

Senator Eaton, ill until recently, has again taken his seat in the senate.

The bill limiting wage exemptions to $30 a month instead of $60, as under the present law, has passed the senate.

The assembly committee on education is inclined to cut down the appropriation made in the Milwaukee normal school bill $25,000, making it $215,000 instead of $240,000, as allowed by the claims committee.

Eighteen sheriffs of as many counties of Wisconsin succeeded in killing the bill providing that an attendant in one of the two state hospitals for the insane shall be called to escort to either of those institutions every person ordered committed thereto.

The assembly killed for a second time the bill to appropriate $20,000 for a state exhibition at the Portland exposition.

The bill requiring a hearing before discharging members of the Milwaukee fire and police departments was advanced, though reported unfavorably.

The assembly killed the bill to regulate and make uniform fraternal beneficiary societies.

After a stormy debate the assembly killed the bill, repealing the law creating the office of county supervisor of assessments.

Indefinite postponement of the Noble bill, better known as the patent medicine bill, has killed that measure.

The compromise on the rate bill rumored recently, is positively denied.

Business men from all sections of the state are in Madison pressing the movement for an appropriation for the Portland exposition.

GARRISON.

Would Banish Mormons.

La Crosse.—"Mormons hold the balance of power in three states, Utah, Wyoming and Arizona, and the time has come for the gentiles of the country to rise up and put down the menacing power," said the Rev. S. E. Wisnard, of Salt Lake City, who spoke here. "In the bold words of a statement uttered officially by the Mormon church," continued Mr. Wishard, "the government of the United States and all other governments must be uprooted; the government of priesthood is the only authorized government on earth. This is the seed they are sowing throughout the west and the Mormon evil is gnawing at the country's vitality."

Janesville.—Hayes Brothers, of this city, were awarded the contract for the erection of the great electric power plant to be built for the Chicago drainage board at Lockport, Ill.

Neenah.—Frank Edwards, a young farmer, was found in the bottom of his carriage in an unconscious condition with bullet holes through his right shoulder and his arm.

Superior.—Kirby Thomas has resigned as postmaster of Superior and O. K. Anderson has been recommended by Congressman Jenkins as his successor.

Depere.—St. Francis' church here was broken into, but the burglars were unable to get at the church vessels. The sacristy was ransacked, but nothing of value taken.

Sheboygan.—Scott Sweet, a Sheboygan county farmer, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. Poor health was the cause. He had been married three times.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Ripon Gets Carnegie Gift.

Ripon.—Ripon college is the first college in the United States to be a beneficiary under the new policy of Andrew Carnegie to henceforth devote his wealth to endowing colleges, instead of funding libraries. Dr. Richard C. Hughes, president of Ripon college, made the announcement that Ripon college had refused Mr. Carnegie's offer of a Carnegie library, but had instead secured a gift of $20,000 as an endowment for the present college library, conditional upon the raising of $20,000 among other friends of the school. Dr. Hughes within three hours of the receipts of Mr. Carnegie's offer had successfully begun work on the raising of the second $20,000, and it seems probable that the money will be provided within another week.

Confessed to Wife Murder.

Appleton.—Xavier Przybilinski, who recently killed his wife with a spade, a saw, and a stovelid, applied to Judge Goodland for permission to plead guilty of murder in the first degree and he sentenced him to prison at once. He said he first used the spade on his wife, then resorted to the saw, partially cutting off a limb, and, later, finished the job by pounding her head to a jelly with the stovelid. Judge Goodland consented to grant the man a hearing.

No State Investigation.

Madison.—State Insurance Commissioner Host denies the report that the Wisconsin policy holders of the Equitable Life Assurance society had asked his department to investigate its affairs. He said, however, that he thought it quite likely that the officers of the society would ask the insurance commissioners of several states to make such an examination. The society has 7,000 policy holders, with a total insurance of $16,000,000, in Wisconsin.

Field Is the Richest.

La Crosse.—B. E. Edwards, president of the La Crosse City Railway company, has returned from Nevada and says the Goldfields district, in which many Wisconsin people are interested, is the richest ever opened in the United States. He found 8,000 people at Goldfields, fully 6,000 of whom are living in tents. The district has shipped $1,000,000 in gold.

Death of Wisconsin Divine.

Racine.—Rev. H. P. Haylett, a well-known Methodist divine, died after several months' illness, aged 63 years. Rev. Haylett had served in Waukesha, Racine and Milwaukee. He was at one time presiding elder of the Fond du Lac district and financial agent of Lawrence university.

The News Condensed.

Waterloo.—Wilbert Paskey, a 15-year-old boy, was instantly killed near Waterloo by the charge from a shotgun in the hands of a little girl. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of accidental death.

Baraboo.—Agents of John Alexander Dowie, of Zion City, are looking over large tracts of land in Sauk and Richland counties, with the view of purchasing a large acreage where the prophet purposes to establish a colony of his followers.

Stevens Point.—Edward Kent, who has been on trial for fatally stabbing his son Walter in a family quarrel has been acquitted. The alleged crime occurred on August 5, 1904, at the home of the Kents in Belmont.

La Crosse.—Brooding over the loss of two of his children in one day as the result of diphtheria, Ole Halseth, a north side resident, has lost his mind and has been committed to the state hospital for the insane at Mendota.

Chippewa Falls.—The crew of the Mississippi River Logging company began the drive on Thornapple river below the Cameron dam, which John Dietz is holding.

Clayton.—Tuberculosis in a malignant form has attacked cattle in Clayton, and 18 head belonging to A. H. Hinman, besides a score owned by others, are afflicted with the disease. A dozen deaths have occurred.

Oshkosh.—A sensational story, emanating from Waukesha, has been current that Evan Jones, of that city, who has been confined in the northern hospital for the insane at Winnebago, was killed by another patient.

Appleton.—The Washington dispatch announcing that Indians with allotments are entitled to purchase whisky without restraint has caused no little discussion among county and town officials of Outagamie county.

Madison.—Announcement has been made by the Carnegie institute of the award to Dr. Edgar W. Olive, of the department of botany of the University of Wisconsin, of an assistantship valued at $1,000, with which to continue his studies in botany.

Kenosha.—The Wisconsin Telephone company has begun the purchase of land for a new line between Kenosha and the village of Pleasant Prairie to follow the line of the Geneva road. The company is buying the line at the rate of $30 a mile.

Neenah.—Harry Jackson, the two-year-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. William Jackson, was savagely bitten by a mad dog on the Jackson lawn, his face being terribly lacerated.

Racine.—Edward Jensen, one of the best known Danes in Racine and editor of the Folkets Avis, a leading Scandinavian paper in southern Wisconsin, died, aged 76 years. He has been a resident of Racine since 1851.

Ashland.—The next meeting of the Wisconsin Bankers' association will be held here in June or July. One of the features will be a boating trip on Lake Superior among the Apostle islands.

Madison.—Active building operations have been resumed on the new Young Men's Christian association building at the university.

Oshkosh.—On November 26 last Mrs. August Naumer, Miss Ada Stoll and Carl Voos started across Two Mile bay, north of Oshkosh, in a hunting skiff. Not a trace of the trio or the boat had been discovered until recently, when the corpse of Mrs. Naumer was found. This proves the drowning of the whole party.

Plainfield.—Fire destroyed J. H. Marshall's general store and the post office. The total loss is about $20,000.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

At the adjourned meeting of the common council of the city of Rhinelander held on the 7th day of April, A. D., 1905.

Meeting called to order by the Hon. Mayor M. Stapleton at 8 P. M.

The following aldermen present: Ball, Barnes, Bock, Crofoot, Divers, Johnson, Olson, Roepcke, Swedburg and Stumpner.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved as read.

A claim and demand for payment of hydrant rentals from the North Amerian Trust Co., was read and was upon motion laid over until next meeting of council.

The following bills were presented:

6888	Sam Moberg	$ 54.00
6889	Chas. Rollain	13.20
6890	Chas. Rollain	8.25
6891	Geo. Cheslock	34.65
6892	Sam Moore	1.75
6893	Eben Clark	22.78
6894	Ed. McIntosh	14.69
6895	John Amundson	4.13
6896	F. Stimer	6.60
6897	John Bloom	50.00
6898	Frank Lawrence	46.50
6899	G. Hamilton	50.00
6900	Hose Co. No. 1	77.00
6901	Hose Co. No. 2	62.00
6902	Mrs. Graham	2.50
6903	Mrs. Graham	2.00
6904	Robbins Lbr. Co.	5.75
6905	J. H. Queal & Co.	17.14
6906	Chas. Poutz	27.60
6907	Val. Eschwig	8.00
6908	James Cynon	3.50
6909	W. F. Ball	3.00
6910	Hans Anderson	21.75
6911	J. H. Queal & Co.	1.36
6912	James Whalen	1.75
6913	Lewis Hardware Co.	20.51
6914	Rhinelander Mut Tel.	
6915	W. H. Trumbull	51.68
6916	Park & Co.	160.35
6917	Herald Pub. Co.	155.10
6918	Rhinelander Light Co	294.00
	Allowed at	289.60
6919	Gust Swedburg	6.00
6920	F. J. Littlefield	6.00
6921	Andrew Olson	3.00
6922	J. W. Jones	3.00
6923	L. O. Larson	6.00
6924	M. E. Berg	6.00
6925	C. A. Rollain	5.00
6926	J. D. Hogan	5.00
6927	Joe Lagoe	13.00
6928	F. D. Briggs	3.00
6929	Daniel O'Neil	3.00
6930	Hans Anderson	6.00
6931	Wm. C. Orr	6.00
6932	F. M. Mason	3.00
6933	Lowell Dell	3.00
6934	J. C. Barlow	5.00
6935	Arthur Riley	2.00
6936	J. N. White	6.00
6937	Arthur Taylor	10.00
6938	Thos. Robertson	3.00
6939	Wm. J. O'Brien	6.00
6940	Jacob Lawrence	6.00
6941	Wm. Whipple	6.00
6942	Ed. S. Olmstead	6.00
6943	Frank E. Williams	3.00
6944	P. H. Milan	5.00
6945	T. G. McLaughlin	5.00
6946	Claude S. Shepard	6.00
6947	Lynn Vaughan	5.00
6948	S. J. Hamilton	3.00
6949	Geo. F. Mahoney	6.00
6950	S. G. Tuttle	3.00
6951	Leonard Horr	6.00
6952	T. H. Moore	5.00
6953	Owen Leonard	6.00
6954	Richard Reed	6.00
6955	Isaac Tuttle	6.00
6956	G. Christofferson	6.00
6957	Seth Kimball	6.00
6958	Harry L. Reeves	6.00
6959	A. H. Peck	5.00
6960	Jay Butolph	5.00
6961	Chafee and Guptill	10.00
6962	Geo. J. Clark	6.00
6963	M. Jennings	3.00
6964	H. J. Samways	6.00
6965	E. P. Martin	5.00
6966	Thos. A. Wigth	3.00
6967	Peter Smith	3.00
6968	F. Patterson	3.00
6969	Geo. Ikede	6.00
6970	T. M. Gormley	5.00

Moved by Alderman Roepcke seconded by Alderman Swedburg, that the bills be allowed as recommended by the comptroller and clerk be instructed to issue orders in payment for same.

Alderman Barnes, Bock, Crofoot, Divers, Johnson, Olson, Roepcke, Swedburg and Stumpner voting aye and Ball voting no. Carried.

The following resolution passed by the School Board was read:

Resolved that the school board request the common council of the city of Rhinelander for to close the option in securing the balance of the lots in Block 28 of the 2nd addition to Rhinelander for school purposes if ame can be had for reasonable figure.

Moved and carried that the request be laid on the table at present time.

Moved by Alderman Divers seconded by Alderman Swedburg that the school board be requested to call a meeting and recommend plans for a ward school building and report on same at next meeting of council. Carried.

Upon motion a recess was taken by the council for to canvass the votes cast for the different city officers at the last election.

Council in order the following was read:

We the members of the common council of the city of Rhinelander having duly assembled this 7th day of April A. D., 1905, at the council rooms of said city for the purpose of canvassing the votes for the officers cast at the last judicial and city election held on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1905, having duly canvassed said vote, do hereby make this our statement and determination of the result of said election.

For the office of alderman of the 1st ward there was 116 votes cast, of which number Henry Roepcke received 56 votes and John Dorsch received 60 votes, John Dorsch having received the majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of supervisor of the 1st ward there was 119 votes cast of which number Olof Goldstrand received 56 votes and Geo. W. Porter received 63 votes, Geo. W. Porter having received the majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of alderman of the 2nd ward there was 109 votes cast of which number, James Whalen received 64 votes and Louis Stumpner received 45 votes, James Walen having received a majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of Supervisor of the 2nd ward there was 105 votes cast of which number F. D. Briggs received 64 votes and Henry Krause received 41 votes, F. D. Briggs having received a majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of alderman of the 3rd ward there was 101 votes cast of which number Chas. S. Crofoot received 29 votes, Frank Pecor received 71 votes and Peter Didier received 1 vote, Frank Pecor having received the majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of supervisor of the 3rd ward there was 63 votes cast of which number W. R. Markham, received 63 votes, W. R. Markham having received all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of alderman of the 4th ward there was 122 votes cast of which number Prescott Calkins received 69 votes and W. F. Ball received 53 votes, Prescott Calkins having received the majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of supervisor of the 4th ward there was 97 votes cast of which number A. W. Brown received 97 votes, A. W. Brown having received all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of alderman of the 5th ward there was 130 votes cast of which number H. P. Morrill received 72 votes cast and Patrick Johnston received 58 votes, H. P. Morrill having received the majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of Supervisor of the 5th ward there was 125 votes cast of which number J. J. Reardon received 72 votes and Arthur Taylor received 43 votes, J. J. Reardon having received the majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of alderman of the 6th ward there was 156 votes cast of which number Gus. Smith received 94 votes and A. J. Wilson received 62 votes, Gus Smith having received the majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of supervisor of the 6th ward there was 158 votes cast of which number J. G. Dunn received 8 votes, Chas. E. Guyette received 71 votes and Geo. C. Jewell received 79 votes, Geo. C. Jewell having received the majority of all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

For the office of Justice of the Peace in and for the city of Rhinelander there was 330 votes cast of which number D. E. Briggs received 330 votes, D. E. Briggs having received all the votes cast is hereby declared elected.

All of which is hereby respectfully submitted, John Swedburg, Andrew Olson, Emil Johnson, W. F. Ball, C. F. Barnes, C. H. Roepcke, Louis Stumpner, Chas. S. Crofoot, Frank Divers. Canvassing Committee.

Said report was upon motion accepted and ordered placed on file.

The following petition was read:

To the Hon. Mayor and Common Council of the City of Rhinelander. We, the undersigned residents of the 3rd ward and property owners in the city of Rhinelander respectfully request your honorable body to discontinue the furter use of the dumping ground on the west side of the river in the 3rd ward of the city of Rhinelander for the reason that owing to the vast amount of refuse unloaded on this ground, it is becoming a menace to the health of the residents of that section.

People who have intended buying lots and building in this section of the city have been deterred solely by reason of this dumping ground and we beg to have the same discontinued at once. Signed by,

E. Vassar, and others.

Moved by Alderman Divers, seconded by Alderman Johnson that the mayor appoint a committee of 3 alderman for to look up a location for a new dumping ground outside of the city limits. Carried.

The following resolution was read:

Resolved by the common council of the city of Rhinelander, that a new electric arch light be ordered put in at the corner of Lincoln and Shepard street in the fifth ward.

Offered by H. C. Bock, Alderman.

Moved by Alderman Stumpner seconded by Alderman Barnes that the foregoing resolution be referred to the committee on city affairs and they to report on same at the next meeting of council. Carried.

An agreement between the city and Jas. Phillips, city engineer of Ashland was read and was upon motion placed on file.

Moved by Alderman Bock seconded by Alderman Crofoot that the matter of opening up a street through the city park in the 6th ward be reconsidered. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Divers seconded by Alderman Ball, that the city clerk and the city attorney be instructed to take up the matter with the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Co., as to the feasibility of opening up such street through the city park and ascertain if they are willing to carry any of the expense for to open up such street through the park. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Swedburg seconded by Alderman Roepcke that the Board of Public Works be instructed to settle with the city officers. Carried.

Moved by Alderman Roepcke seconded by Alderman Barnes that the Board of Public Works be instructed to open up and repair a certain piece of road about 100 rods in Section 5, Town 36, Range 9 East. Carried, all voting aye.

Upon motion council adjourned until April 15th, 1905.

Gust Swedburg,
City Clerk.

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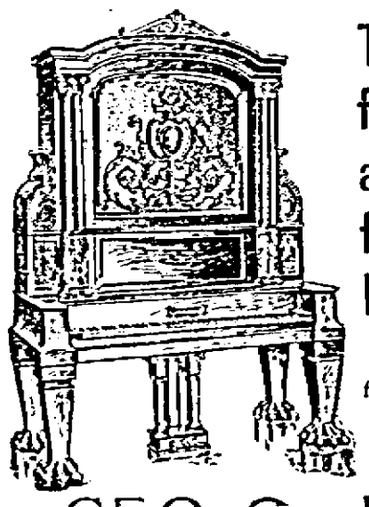
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